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THE PAPER CONSISTS OF
TWO EDITIONS—EDITION ONE

** PRICE TWO CENTS

FINAL
EDITION

GUNMAN KILLED BY GUNMAN

**LODGE SUBMITS
"MADE IN U. S."
WORLD COURT**

**His Plan Divorces
Nations' League.**

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., May 8.—(Special)—The proposal that the world court be divorced from the League of Nations and reconstituted under the auspices of the Hague tribunal and that the United States join the court on that condition was formally submitted to the Senate today in a resolution introduced by Senator Lodge (Rep., Mass.), chairman of the foreign relations committee. To accomplish this purpose the resolution provides that the President propose a third Hague conference of all nations.

As exclusively reported in THE TIMES today, this plan is proposed by Republican leaders as a part of a program of international policies, including also the convening of another disarmament conference, which they hope will be approved by the administration and incorporated in the platform promulgated by the Republican national convention at Cleveland.

There's a Difference Here.

At the capital administration leaders will that Senator Lodge had discussed the new world court proposal with the President before deciding to submit it to the Senate, and that Mr. Coolidge is generally disposed to it. At the White House it was stated that the plan had been submitted to the President and that he is reserving judgment.

Senator Lodge aims to bring his proposal before the Senate within the next few days as a substitute for the recommendation of the late President Taft and Secretary of State Hughes that the United States join the existing world court with reservation to prevent America from becoming involved in the League of Nations. The Democrats are threatening to demand discharge of the foreign relations committee from further consideration of the Harding proposal which they accuse the Republicans of abandoning.

May Await Election.

The prospect is that it will prove impossible to muster the necessary two-thirds session and that no action will be taken by the Senate before the presidential election in which the world court will be an issue on which the Republican and Democratic parties will take widely different attitudes. The outcome of the election then will determine the course the United States will pursue.

The Democratic platform is expected to endorse the present world court without objection to its connection with the League. The question will precipitate a spirited contest in the Republican convention with the opposition to joining the League court supporting the Lodge plan for hitching the court to the Hague tribunal.

World Court Conference.

If the Lodge resolution should be adopted by Congress the President would propose to the powers the calling of a third Hague conference and would recommend the adoption of a statute for the establishment of a world court. The resolution then sets forth the proposed status which is the substitute of the present world court with the new machinery substituted for the machinery of the League of Nations in the constitution and maintenance of the court.

The judges instead of being elected by the council and assembly of the League as at present would be elected by an electoral commission composed of a general committee corresponding to the League assembly and of a special committee representing the United States, the British empire, France, Italy and Japan, which corresponds to the League council. Nominations of candidates for judges would be made by the national groups in the Hague tribunal as nominations are now made for the present world court.

Power of the Court.

The jurisdiction, powers and procedure of the proposed Hague court are the same as those of the present world court and are set forth in the same language with the League eliminated. Jurisdiction is to be compulsory only on reciprocal agreement of nations. There are, however, some important and significant articles proposed by the Lodge resolution which are not found in the constitution of the existing world court. One of them provides that the word "state" as used in this statute means only a fully self governing state, but does not include any dominion, colony, or other component part of a state. That would permit Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and India of the voice they now have in the League. Britain's "six votes to

one" is maintained on page 16, column 10.

(Story on page 26a.)

NEWS SUMMARY

LOCAL.
Al Brown, owner of "Four Deuces" dive, kills beer runner. Page 1.
Teachers hold big jubilee over victory in council meeting fight while McAnany drew call to truce for week. Page 1.
Cardinal Hayes of New York greets Chicago priests and laymen, waiting for Cardinal Mundelein, who lands today. Page 1.

Wealthy rug manufacturer saves wayward son from asylum cell. Page 3.
Bandits rob Berwyn bank of \$10,000, but leave machine gun. Page 2.

West Park policeman locked up after killing chauffeur in attempting to stop his quarrel with wife. Page 5.

Bonah Annan awaits motherhood and murder trial; other jail women speculate on "What Do Juries Think About?" Page 6.

Death at Worth, Ill., raises auto toll for year to 186. Page 8.

Dunn alienation trial reveals episodes at Chicago and Milwaukee hotels. Page 15.

Plans for 1925 Fine Arts building include indoor playgrounds, swimming pools, recreation rooms, which can be converted into world's largest convention hall. Page 17.

Traction chief stuck to price of about \$142,500,000 for surface lines. Page 17.

WASHINGTON.

Senator Lodge submits his own plan for world court to Senate; U. S. rights safeguarded. Page 1.

Senate may pass tax reduction bill today. Page 2.

Jones corporation tax substitute aims at equalizing levies. Page 3.

President Coolidge praises Harding in speech accepting Janes picture gift of Vancouver citizens. Page 4.

Proposed change in date of election leads to acrimonious debate in Senate; approval of modification doubtful. Page 5.

Brookhart committee told Manning to remove "protection" influence cases from proposed amendment with language. Page 5.

Wayne B. Wheeler charged with devious conduct by New York congressman in beer inquiry. Page 5.

DOMESTIC.

Harvard investigator develops serum reducing fatalities from pneumonia by at least 25 per cent. Page 1.

Woman granted "local" privilege in Senate; denied full ministerial rights. Page 18.

Iowa farmers, debt ridden by land pool, paying high taxes, don't buy farm machinery, but have plenty of auto. Page 19.

Congressman Langley to begin his defense in whisky fraud trial today. Page 24.

POLITICAL.

Dr. Butler says G. O. P. must adopt a wet plank or lose 11 states. Page 12.

Lundie Lieutenants threaten George F. Harding with loss of his job if he doesn't stop stirring Thompson to make trouble. Page 26.

FOREIGN.

Cuban revolution in last stage, with chief willing to surrender. Page 4.

German Nationalists pleased at Riga mine strike as showing world-wide economic conditions not as rosy as Russian experts painted. Page 11.

German government exports isolate deadly hoof and mouth disease germ and develop serum cure. Page 12.

Refusal of Ulster to name commissioners on border question brings danger on grave clothes. Page 13.

Portuguese airmen crash in India; American flyers believed to have jumped for Asiatic side. Page 14.

International federation of labor reports probable union with American federation this year. Page 24.

SPORTING.

Owners of Kentucky Derby candidates stage wild scramble for star jockeys; railroads and hotels swamped with reservations. Page 25.

Auroraights to be staged tonight if weather man behaves; Tom Gibbons gives capacity house at training grounds. Page 25.

Cubs routed out in Pittsburgh; due home today to meet first of invaders. Page 26.

Weather man keeps Sox and Detroit Red Sox again. Locals open eastern invasion tomorrow. Page 26.

Only eleven entries in for national open golf meet with lists closing May 14. Page 26.

American rugby team threatens to quit Olympics in attempt to break French picture monopoly. Page 27.

World record for 100 yard breast stroke is claimed for Harlan Maroon swimmer. Page 27.

EDITORIALS.

The Future America: We American Goldfish. Page 8.

MARKETS.

Trade in stock market continues atrophic; price changes small. Page 28.

Talk of wage reductions increases with reports of slackening in industrial production. Page 29.

Proposed graduated tax on undistributed profits will add wealthily only. Scrutator says. Page 29.

Rally at close fails to overcome. Page 30.

Downward trend in cattle prices is checked; hogs active and higher at start. Page 30.

IT WILL BE A LONG PARADE

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"FOUR DEUCES" OWNER HEADS MYSTERY FEUD

Science Finds Partial Check to Pneumonia

New York, May 8.—(Special)—An announcement was made today here and in Boston, that Dr. Lloyd E. Felton of the department of preventive medicine and hygiene at Harvard medical school had found a treatment for pneumonia, which is expected to cut the death rate from that disease by 25 or 30 per cent.

The announcement was made with the authority of Dr. Milton J. Rosenau of Harvard, Dr. William H. Park, and other conservative medical men, after the remedy had been found successful in sixty pneumonia cases treated at Boston and sixty treated in this city.

The substance discovered by Dr. Felton is a white crystalline powder, which he has separated from the ordinary horse serum which has been used with uncertain results in the treatment of pneumonia.

Tested in 120 Cases.

This white crystalline powder is believed to be the protective substance or the antibody against pneumonia in a pure state, or a nearly pure state.

This substance has now been injected into 120 human cases without the slightest unfavorable reaction. It is apparently entirely free from the elements which in the horse serum have caused chills, fever, and the so-called "serum sickness."

The discovery was an outgrowth of work extending over a period of five years which was organized by Dr. Felton, a white crystalline powder, which he has separated from the ordinary horse serum which has been used with uncertain results in the treatment of pneumonia.

Influence Still Baffling.

As regards influenza, the five years' work has been barren of positive accomplishment. Many delusions about influenza have been widespread. The discovery of a protective substance against influenza has been a great boon to science.

Jacobs was alone in the place when the Cottage Grove avenue police arrived. He could give little information, he said.

An underworld tipster said he had seen "Big Al" Brown running from the place shortly after the shots were fired. Search was immediately started for Capone, a member of the "Johnny" Morris gang faction, whose whereabouts were unknown. The police found him dead in the room where he was shot.

The discovery was an outgrowth of influenza which was prevalent during the winter of 1918-19. This company brought together many of the leading research workers in the field of pneumonia and influenza and financed many lines of research.

Celebrate an Armistice.

Therefore the teachers were released from the Studebaker, full of fight and declaration that the students did not withdraw, and that they intend to withdraw. At the end of the day, McAndrew gave a speech. He had submitted, his statement said, because of the discovery of certain school board rules to which his attention was called by attorneys for the board.

McAndrew Gives In on School Councils.

TEACHERS HOLD JUBILEE; THEIR FIGHT GOES ON

McAndrew Gives In on School Councils.

Public school teachers held a meeting in the Studebaker theater yesterday afternoon and rejoiced over the day's developments in the contest with the school board.

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Deny It's Important Victory.

The Studebaker, with 1,500 seats, was quickly filled. Miss Haley commanded the Playhouse next door, with 610 seats, and that too, was soon at full. R. O. Scott, Vice-Chairman, secretary-treasurer of the State Federation of Labor, was introduced into service as a speaker at the Playhouse until Miss Haley could finish her talk in the other theater.

Call It an Overflow Meeting.

The Studebaker theater meeting, called before the outcome was known, was to have been a council of war. Instead, it turned into a jubilification meeting, with Miss Haley as the central figure and as the bearer of words of promised success in connection with the strike that is to come through the platoon system in the schools.

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Quiet Work Obtained with Difficulty when Miss Haley came on the stage.

Finally she raised her hand, held it a few moments, then began:

"You teachers have won an important victory today. For twenty-six years the councils have been the guidance of teachers. Had tomorrow's council been denied you the orderly, peaceful and lawful processes of progress would have ended. Instead, the council of which I am a member, should have been government by you a person or group of persons. You would have been subject to the whim or caprice of one or a group of men."

Therefore, because of what has been accomplished, you are to be congratulated tomorrow. Study the booklet given you about the junior high school plan. If you have anything to say at the council, feel perfectly free to say it. You now have your liberty.

Regards It as a Lesson.

Supt. McAndrew's newest bulletin says that some hitherto unrecorded documents have been found and that these cannot be permitted at the time for this year. He acted first upon a curbside opinion from his attorney and now the attorney finds he was wrong.

"If that attorney had rendered this opinion two weeks ago you would not have had to withdraw. I am now out of town," he blundered.

Continuing, Miss Haley gave her version of the events leading up to the "drastic step, the extreme measure," that of preferring charges against Supt. McAndrew and asking his transfer by the board of education. She continued, "I am sorry that President McDowell had failed to present the charges to the board, and she added, "Nor have I withdrawn them."</

SENATE TO PASS TAX BILL TODAY RADICALS VOTE

Makes Hearings on
Appeals Public.

The
first-class
places
all
serve

White Rock
The World's Best Table Ware

BYLLESBY WILL GIVES \$1,000,000 TO HIS WIDOW

Henry M. Byllesby, nationally known broker and engineer, left an estate of approximately \$1,000,000, it was revealed yesterday when his will was filed for probate. The entire estate is bequeathed to his widow, Mrs. Margaret Stearns Byllesby of the Drake hotel. He was survived also by a sister, Mrs. Alice Cummings. Mr. Byllesby died suddenly on May 2 of heart disease.

Find Bank Teller Guilty of Stealing \$105,500

Found guilty by a jury yesterday of embezzlement of \$105,500 from the West Town State bank, 2354 West Madison street, George A. Freble, 36, a teller, faces a term of one to ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. Witnesses produced by Assistant State's Attorney Thomas J. Peden testified that Freble, in an effort to cover up his shortages when bank examiners appeared, forged two checks.

PASTOR SEEKS HIS DAUGHTER, 'PICTURE STRUCK'

(Picture on back page.)

Harry Hudspeth, self-appointed guardian of automobiles under the boulevard link bridge, was found guilty of disorderly conduct last night by Judge Francis Borrell. It was arrest No. 103 for Hudspeth on a similar charge.

On the other 103 he had gone to jail.

Two witness, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph L. Hansen, 1870 North Avenue, Oak Park, and Joseph Goss, 1807 Cupier avenue, testified that Hudspeth threatened them with damage to their persons or cars if they did not pay him a fee for watching their automobiles.

In the trial it was shown that the Better Government association was headed by Hudspeth and that the Rev. Mr. Francis E. Darrow, law enforcement director for the association, had recommended him highly. E. C. Arthur, 3932 Drexel boulevard, who once went to Hudspeth's bond, testified he had met him in the offices of the association. Hudspeth produced a permit to carry a revolver signed by Justice of the Peace William W. Ward of Park Ridge, George Weisling, child of the county highway police, and when he was head of the traffic division he gave Hudspeth permission to watch cars.

The man's cravat motion pictures,

said the father, and I'm afraid she'll try to go to Hollywood. She and two friends of hers were forever talking about it.

The girl's attitude of not letting her attend picture shows has caused her to run off.

Ex-Secretary Denby to Reach Chicago Today

Edwin Denby, former secretary of the navy, who will speak tonight at the University of Michigan alumnus dinner, was in court during most of Wednesday awaiting his turn to take the stand. He was notified at the close of the day that he should report again yesterday morning. He had dinner with his wife, Mrs. Francis Hansen, that evening but left home shortly after and has not been seen since.

MINNESOTA LOSES VOTE SURE.

Deceased III, May 8.—The Minnesota delegation's primary contest was dismissed today by House Speaker J. C. Wilson, who named the committee against Frank W. Benson of Mendota Falls, who was head of the traffic division he gave

MOTHER'S DAY IS NEXT SUNDAY



Father Time limits your opportunities for thoughtfulness to Mother. On Mother's Day a box of Fannie May's wonderful home-made Candies will tell her what all Mothers like to know—that you're thinking of her. They're fresh today—and every day. There's a Fannie May Candy Shop near you.

Fannie May
Home made Candies
70¢lb

19 SHOPS—ALL OVER CHICAGO

11 North La Salle St 32 West Monroe St 29 East Jackson Blvd 115 West Jackson Blvd 205 West 63rd St 3318 Lawrence Ave.
30 West Randolph St 210 South Michigan Blvd 414 South Wabash Ave 71 East Adams St 830 East 63rd St 1010 Wilson Ave
236 South State St 23 South Wabash Ave 630 South Michigan Blvd 107 North Clark St 1223 Milwaukee Ave
433 Main Street, Peoria, Illinois

Baley told of her objections to many other things.
"Every time there is a new set of politicians they say we have to tear down what we've got over again. It seems they don't learn easily. The charges against McAndrew should be a lesson, so I fired them in. You have to be born with the love of a fight to accomplish anything with them, and you have to know a good fight when you see it. I don't pretend to understand men anyway, but I do understand that there is something behind the screen in this fight. You'd be surprised to know who one of them is."

"Tell us," they asked.

Would Smoker Tell Out.

"No, I'm not liberty to do so. Well, I'll tell them out, a dynamic man, financial men, building men behind the screen for the platoon system. And what are they doing to us?"

"Are they keeping us busy fighting for the councils, fighting for the school funds, so that we keep busy while we're doing something else? So they can choke off our fight against the 10 per cent cut, so that we can choke off our fight to prevent the \$15,000 deficit from being continued, so they can choke off our platoon fight, and so they can choke off discussion of the junior high school plan. We shall soon see."

"I am serving notice on the busines interests that we will smoke them out. The teachers will have free speech, the right to discuss or cuss, and we'll continue fighting."

Text of Superintendent's Order.

The text of Supt. McAndrew's message, reversing his earlier order, which was telephoned to every school in the morning, was as follows:

"The president of the Board of Education informs me the attorney has found no legal objection to my proposed document which, on examination, may have a bearing on dismissal of children on account of teachers' council meetings, and that pending final decision it would be well to follow this week last year's practice regarding council meetings. Please do so."

GIVE PURPOSES OF COUNCILS

The executive committee of the High School council, headed by E. F. Downey, its chairman, recently sent to Supt. McAndrew a statement on three questions:

I. Why should councils meet on school time?

II. Objections to dismissal of classes for council meetings.

III. Specific benefits of high school councils.

Mr. Downey and the committee said:

"I. The schools are in session from 8 to 4 p.m. and it is not practicable to call meetings of teachers several hours before they are due at school or several hours after they are due to leave. Meetings in the afternoons or evenings or on Saturdays will not be attended by a majority of the teachers because of university courses, visiting organizations, night school work, and a variety of other conflicting engagements."

Five Hours a Year.

"The school time required by council meetings under the present plan amounts to five hours per year, and in many schools these meetings are called at an hour when few classes are scheduled. We believe that this loss to classes is almost negligible in comparison with the numerous holidays, any one of which extends a day or more greater than a whole year of council meetings. The actual time loss amounts to four-tenths of 1 per cent."

"The councils could not exist on any efficient or representative basis except on school time. Denial of school time for council meetings would mean the quick and entire destruction of the council system. Children would be cut off the sole channel of direct intercommunication between the teachers and the superintendent and board of education."

Why Principals Object.

As to No. 2, the committee pointed out that some school principals object to the councils because, by their exclusion from membership, matters

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Zone 557 to 558, \$109.50 per year; Zone 5

The
First-class
Places
will
serve
White Rock
The World's Best Table Water

SENATE TO PASS TAX BILL TODAY; RADICALS WIN

Makes Hearings on Ap-
peals Public.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]
Washington, D. C., May 8.—[Special.]—Publicity of proceedings before the board of tax appeals is provided in an amendment to the tax bill adopted by the senate late tonight. Democratic radical Republicans and Farmer-Labor members voted for the amendment, while conservative Republicans opposed it. It was approved by a vote of 25 to 28.

It seemed certain at adjournment tonight that the bill would be ready for passage by tomorrow.

The publicity amendment, which was offered by Senator Jones [Dem., N. M.] on behalf of minority members of the finance committee, is supplemental to the provision incorporated in the bill a few days ago for full accounting of tax refunds and tax refund claims.

Guard Against Secret Fraud.

In support of the amendment the Democrats declared that the present secret hearing now exists through secret hearings and adjustments before officials of the internal revenue bureau.

Under the amendment it is provided that hearings before the board of tax appraisals, which is a new body created under the bill, shall be open to the public and that testimony taken at the hearings shall be reduced to writing.

Opinions and decisions shall be entered of record and open to public inspection. Decisions of the board shall be published and shall be offered for sale at the government printing office.

During today's session, which adjourned at 10:30 o'clock tonight, the last of the finance committee amendments and most of the pending amendments of individual senators were disposed of.

More Amendments Ahead.

Senator Norbeck [Rep., S. D.] served notice that he intends to offer the McNary-Haugen agricultural exemption corporation bill as an amendment to the tax bill. Senator Norris of Nebraska said he would offer the Norris-Sinclair agricultural corporation bill as a substitute for the McNary-Haugen amendment.

A unanimous consent agreement,

proposed by Republican leaders, contemplated the passage of the bill tomorrow night. Senator Prokes of Wisconsin, Coalidze's veto message of the Bureau pension bill on Saturday.

Before passage of the tax bill there will be a final attempt by Republicans to reverse the action of the senate in committee of the whole in approving the Democratic normal and surtax rates. The belief is, however, that the Democratic rates will remain in the bill.

As passed the bill will be far different from the original Mellon plan.

Besides the Democratic normal and surtax rates, it will include the Democratic graduated corporation tax and Democratic inheritance tax, both of which were added as amendments last night.

Gift Levy Probable.

Imposition of a gift tax to prevent evasion of inheritance taxes and of high surtaxes seemed assured as a result of the action of the senate in adopting an amendment by Senator Walsh [Dem., Mass.].

By a vote of 55 to 18 the senate adopted the amendment of Senator McKinley [Rep., Ill.] reducing wartime postal rates on newspapers carried as second class mail matter. The



School teachers are seen leaving the Playhouse theater after their meeting yesterday afternoon, at which Margaret Haley, head of the Teachers' federation, congratulated them upon their victory over Supt. McAndrew. The latter had taken a stand against the teachers holding their meetings on school time. But yesterday he gave in and issued orders permitting the afternoon session. [TRIBUNE Photo.]

TAX ON STOCK CONCERN AIMED AT EQUALIZATION

Many Companies to Pay Lower Rate.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., May 8.—[Special.]—The Jones corporation tax amendment which has been adopted by the senate provides:

1. By unanimous agreement of the shareholders the net income of the corporation may be returned by shareholders and taxed to them in the same manner as net income of a partnership.

2. The normal tax on net income is reduced from 14 per cent to 8 per cent.

3. A surtax is imposed upon the net income which is undistributed to shareholders on the basis following:

(A) "The surtax income," includes taxable income subject to normal tax and also dividends from other corporations and income from government obligations exempt only from a normal tax.

(B) All dividends whether paid in cash or interest bearing obligations which would be subject to the surtax imposed upon individual shareholders and the amount of the normal tax and 10 per cent of the total "surplus income" are to be taxed at 14 per cent.

(C) The "undistributed net income"

is the amount by which the surtax net income exceeds the amount of the normal tax plus the amount of the cash dividend paid during the twelve months preceding the 15th day of the third month following the close of the taxable year.

(D) No surtax is imposed upon undi-

tributed net income which does not exceed 10 per cent of the surtax income.

(E) If the undistributed income exceeds 10 per cent of the surtax income a graduated tax is imposed upon the undistributed net income based upon the proportion which the undistributed net income bears to the surtax income.

How Surtax Is Applied.

In addition to the normal tax imposed there shall be paid a surtax on the undistributed net income whenever the undistributed income is more than 10 per cent. This surtax increases progressively at 1 per cent for each percentage of undistributed net income up to 55 per cent. Over 55 per cent undistributed net income carries the highest surtax provided in the bill, 40 per cent. The graded surtax would be as follows:

Undistributed net income	Tax, net income	Tax, net income	Tax, net income
For 11.....	\$4.25	\$25.....	\$15.....
11 to 12.....	\$4.25	\$25 to 26.....	\$15 to 16.....
12 to 13.....	\$4.25	\$26 to 46.....	\$15 to 20.....
13 to 14.....	\$4.25	\$46 to 50.....	\$15 to 20.....
14 to 15.....	\$4.25	\$50 to 55.....	\$15 to 20.....
15 to 18.....	\$4.25	More than 55.....	\$15 to 20.....
18 to 22.....	\$4.25	More than 55.....	\$15 to 20.....

4. The amount of revenue to be derived from this substitute is estimated to be the same as would be derived from a flat or normal tax of 14 per cent levied upon the taxable net income.

5. All corporations which distribute dividends more than 20 per cent of their net income will pay less taxes than those that do not pay dividends.

6. The amount of the normal tax and 10 per cent of the total "surplus income" are to be taxed at 14 per cent.

7. All corporations which distribute dividends more than 20 per cent of their net income will pay less taxes than those that do not pay dividends.

8. The amount of the normal tax and 10 per cent of the total "surplus income" are to be taxed at 14 per cent.

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Special
Discount
Purchase
of
Chests & Desks

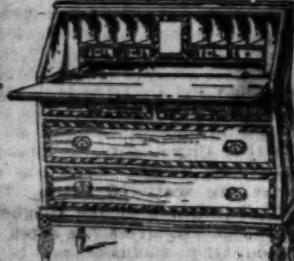
FROM a prominent maker of authentic reproductions we purchased a large lot of desks, secretaries and chests of drawers at a special discount of 25%. Every piece is a splendid specimen of fine cabinet woods and workmanship. A few of them are illustrated.



\$90

Reduced from \$120

This style chest of drawers can be had in three different sizes. The one illustrated has five drawers and is 41 inches high. A larger size with six drawers and 46 inches high is \$97, reduced from \$130, and a smaller size has four drawers and is 35 inches high, at \$82, reduced from \$110. The tops of all measure 18x27 inches. They are made of finely figured mahogany in Chippendale motif.



\$176

Reduced from \$234

Sheraton rosewood banded drop-lid desk made of figured mahogany with a beautiful, soft antique finish. It is 39 inches high and 34 inches wide, and has ample storage and writing space.



\$171

Reduced from \$228

Inlaid mahogany cabinet desk, banded with rosewood and finished antique. It has four spacious drawers and is 39 inches high and 23 inches wide.



\$76.50
Mahogany secretary desk with paneled doors in the Italian manner. This desk is not part of this special purchase, but it is representative of the many fine values in our large collection of moderate priced desks.

The
Tobey Furniture
Company
Wabash at Washington

**PROPOSED DELAY
IN JAPANESE BAN
AROUSES SENATE**

Heated Debate Forecasts
Close Vote Tomorrow.

BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.
Washington, D. C., May 8.—[Special]—Congressional opposition to modification of the Japanese exclusion provision of the immigration bill as requested by President Coolidge by postponing from July 1 of this year to March 1, 1925, the date upon which the禁制 will become effective was foreseen in a flurry of heated debates in the senate today.

It broke out in anticipation of the introduction on Saturday of the conference's report, which was presented in the House today by Representative Johnson [Rep., Wash.], for discussion tomorrow. It was agreed that the report will be adopted, if at all, only after a bitter fight in both houses.

The provision as agreed upon by the conferees, giving the President little less than a year in which to negotiate with Japan for abrogation of the gentlemen's agreement, was defended by Senator Reed [Rep., Penn.], and Senator Shortridge [Rep., Ind.] and opposed with vehemence by Senator Johnson [Rep., Cal.], Robinson [Avk. Democratic leader, Ashurst Dem., Ariz.], Senator Borah [Rep., Idaho].

Charles Coolidge with Politics.

Opponents of the President's plan denounced it as an abandonment of the traditional position of this government that immigration is a purely domestic question, and as affording Japan an opportunity tremendously to increase the Japanese population of this country in the interval before exclusion becomes effective.

Senator Johnson, quoting V. S. McGahey of California, said that plans were being made at the instance of the Japanese government for more than 30,000 Japanese to enter this country during the period of the proposed ban, up to March, 1925.

Senator Reed insisted that the quota limit of Japanese who could be admitted in the interval agreed upon by the conferees would be about sixty-seven. He scouted the idea that postponement of the exclusion date opened the way for a flood of Asiatic immigration.

"The census shows a total count of Japanese in this country to be about 115,000. It should be apparent how much basis there is for such a theory," he said.

Bases Plea on Christianity.

Defending the motives of the President, Senator Reed added:

"It is often asserted in all countries that Christianity is spread in foreign lands. Hundreds of our missionaries are scattered there. They are all disturbed over the rough-and-ready way in which congress has acted. It is obvious that exclusion can be accomplished pleasantly. It is obvious that exclusion is going to be accomplished without difficulty. We do not make our foreign relations any more difficult and to help the work of our missionaries in Japan. I believe we should stand by the President."

In a statement issued today Representative Johnson, chairman of the House immigration committee, said that to all intents and purposes Japanese exclusion would become effective July 1, 1924, as provided in the bill.

Little Affected by Postponement.

"Postponement to March 1, 1925, of the effective date of the clause relating to exclusion does not automatically continue in force after July 1 this year."

—Postponement to March 1, 1925, of the effective date of the clause relating to exclusion does not automatically continue in force after July 1 this year.

—**Perfect for Golf and Wear with Sport Clothes**

—**SELZ**

—**NEWEST TYPE ALL-STEEL
THROUGH SLEEPING CAR TO
ROCHESTER, MINN.**

VIA CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN.

Through sleeping car leaves Chicago 6:30 P. M. (7:30 P. M. daylight saving time) arrives Rochester 9:45 A. M. next morning. May be occupied until 8:00 A. M. Another good train carrying through sleepers leaves Chicago 10:45 P. M. (11:45 P. M. daylight saving time). Arrives Rochester 10:00 A. M. All trains leave Grand Central Station, Harrison and Wells. For reservations call Harrison 9815, Grand Cent. Sta., or Consolidated Ticket Office, Wabash 4600. —Adv.

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WALKING ON LIVE CREPE RUBBER

On the golf course and for all sports wear. We know you will like them—your money back if you don't—\$8

Other Selz Shoes \$6 to \$10

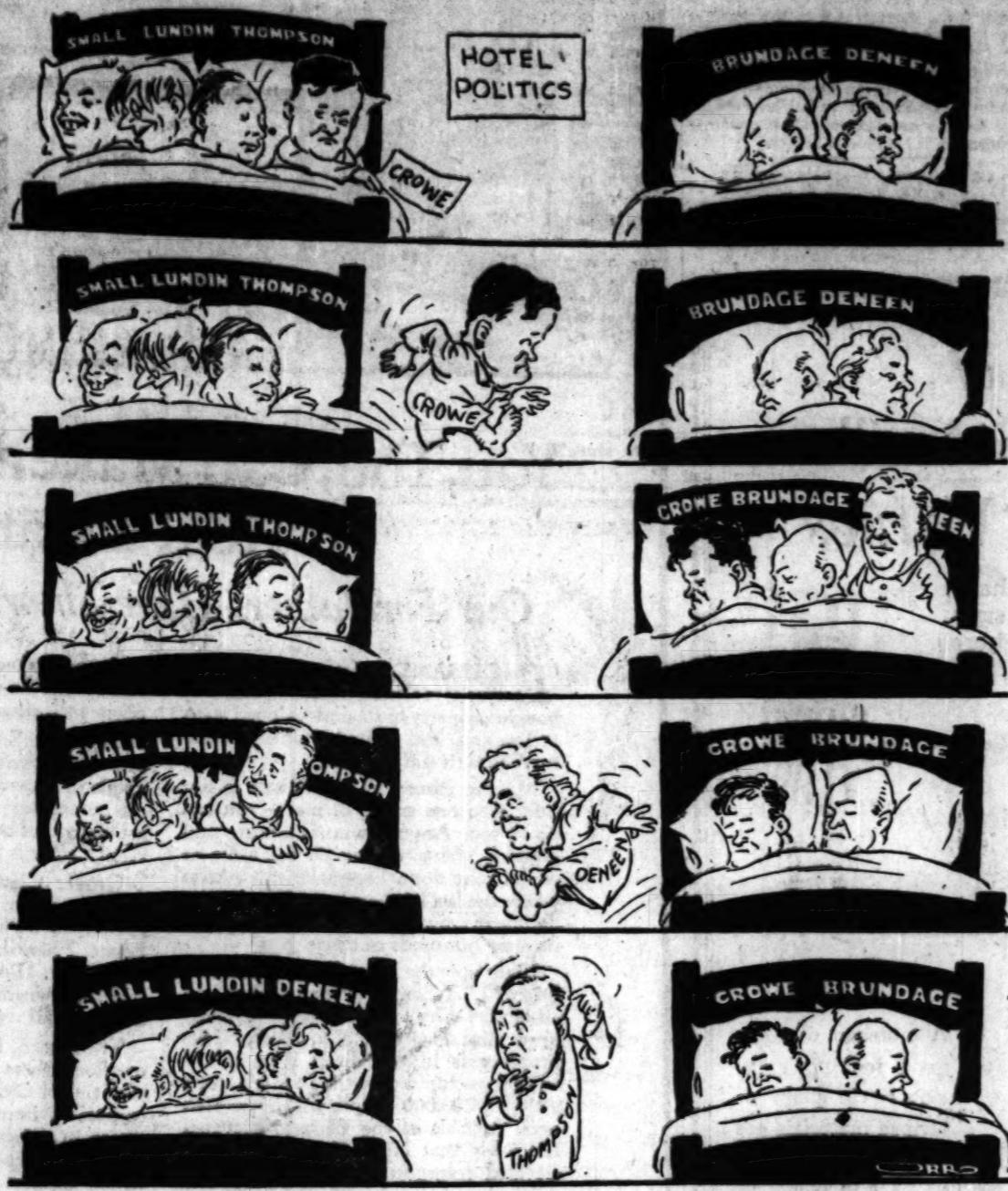
LEON'S ROYAL BLUE STORES

114 W. Madison St.
Four Doors West of Clark

39 W. Van Buren St.
Southwest Corner Dearborn

**RESTLESS BEDFELLOWS**

[Copyright: 1924 By The Chicago Tribune]

**U. S. COMMERCE
CHAMBER TAKES
STAND FOR JAPS**

CLEVELAND, O., May 8.—[By the Associated Press.]—The Chamber of Commerce of the United States in the final session of its twelfth annual convention here today pledged the whole-hearted support of organized business to efforts to bring about through friendly negotiation "the most amicable understanding" with Japan on the question of immigration.

Insisting that the question "rises above the fate of political parties," Senator Shortridge served notice that he would raise no point of order against acceptance of the chamber's stand.

"I shall never consent," he said, "to place this great question with the treaty-making power. Our action was that of a resolution embodying that stand without regard to any other than the greatest interest of the nation."

"Four what?" asked Judge Eberhardt.

"Sleeping."

"Underwear!" blurted the exasperated bluecoat. "And," he continued, "one extra large alarm clock."

"How many?" exclaimed the judge.

"How did she conceal that?"

"The store detective heard it ringing and—"

"Where did she have it?"

"Why, era, why er—the matron found it."

"Where?"

"In her—er under—"

"Under where?"

"Yankee!" shouted the judge.

**HIDDEN ALARM
CLOCK UNDOING
OF THE ACCUSED**

CLEVELAND, O., May 8.—Miss Lillian Smith stood before the bench in the South Clark street court yesterday charged with shoplifting.

"One yell," enumerated the policeman, holding aloft one by one the articles found in her possession, "one string of beads, four pairs of silk hose, three handkerchiefs, one powder puff, two 'Feddies'."

"Four what?" asked Judge Eberhardt.

"Sleeping."

"Underwear!" blurted the exasperated bluecoat. "And," he continued, "one extra large alarm clock."

"How many?" exclaimed the judge.

"How did she conceal that?"

"The store detective heard it ringing and—"

"Where did she have it?"

"Why, era, why er—the matron found it."

"Where?"

"In her—er under—"

"Under where?"

"Yankee!" shouted the judge.

—**Kind to feet!**

—**Kind to greens!**

—**Kind to clubhouse floors!**

—**Our newest shoe for golfers.**

**WEST PARK COP
KILLS CHAUFFEUR,
ENDING QUARREL**

A west park policeman, called in by neighbors to handle a drunken chauffeur who was causing disturbance, shot and fatally wounded Joseph Zahradnik late last night in the latter's home at 943 West 18th street.

The policeman, Robert Sheehan of 708 West 21st place, was taken into custody at the county hospital by Sergt. Maurice O'Connell's squad. Zahradnik, whom Sheehan had brought to the hospital after sending two bullets into him at close range, died on the operating table.

Quarrel Over Game.

The policeman, Sheehan, and his wife had given a bunch party at which drinks were freely served. He became enraged at his wife during the game and one of the guests, fearing trouble, sent Zahradnik's 6 year old son in search of a policeman.

Sheehan, off duty at the time, was talking to Leon Moreau, 3910 Flournoy street, at a nearby corner. Unable to find a city policeman, the boy asked Sheehan to "come in and make daddy quiet."

Investigation Under Way.

Policeman Sheehan carried the wounded man downstairs and commanded a passing automobile. He helped bring him into the receiving room at the hospital.

Police are investigating a report that the dead man had been engaged in transporting beer.

**FORMER POLISH
COUNTESS TAKES
DOSE OF POISON**

(Picture on back page.)

Mrs. Maxine Niven, formerly Countess Maria Vesela Zilka of Poland, was recovering from poison in Washington Hospital last night. She is 22 years old and an accomplished musician.

A sister-in-law found Mrs. Niven lying unconscious in her room at 1135 East 12th street. Later it was stated that she had swallowed poison by mistake, believing it was headache medicine.

Police were investigating the report that the former countess had intended to commit suicide. Two months ago her husband, Dr. Maxim Niven, a prominent chemist, died. They were married in 1922 after a seventeen day romance.

**SECOND WIFE OF
WM. D. STEWARD
SEEKS DIVORCE**

William Deering Steward, harvester manufacturer and banker, former mayor of Plano, Ill., a nephew and namesake of William Deering, noted Chicago pioneer, yesterday was sued for divorce in the Superior court by his second wife, Mrs. Edith Holman Stewart of the Belmont hotel.

They were married on April 24, 1916, just a year after Steward was divorced by his first wife, Mrs. Etolie Coulter Stewart.

The divorce petition presents the charge of cruelty. Steward on one occasion struck his wife for violent blows in the face. The bill also states that another threw a pot of scalding coffee at her. Placing her husband's income at more than \$15,000 annually, Mrs. Stewart asks substantial alimony.

Auction Today

And Following Days
at 2 P. M.

Of the Interior Furnishings
of the Artistic Home of

Mr. Lee Blakemore

(Formerly on Hyde Park Blvd.)

Comprising a Valuable Collection of Veritable Antiques

Oriental Rugs

Gathered by Himself Personally

Comprising

Bergamas, Ghordes, Sennas, Bokhara, Camel Hairs, Ispahan, Kurds, Sivas and others, some dating back to 17th century.

Oil Paintings

By Blakelock

Daingerfield

Onderdonck

Verboekhoven

Baly

Lassi

Giachi

Costa

Gruppe and Others

Old English Furniture, Hangings, Rare Chinese Antiques, Pink Wedgewood, Royal Sevres, Bronzes, Solid Silver, Sheffield Silver, Gold Banquet Service, Dining Room Set, Teakwood Library Set, Clocks, Lamps, English Porcelain, and all that goes into the home of refinement.

To Be Sold at

Unreserved Auction

**YOUR NAME
WAS CALLED!**

—and your heart throbbed . . .
and your face reddened . . .
and you actually trembled
when that coveted diploma
was handed to you. That
was the time when Mother's
smile meant something!

Mother's Day Is Sunday, May 11

Let your gift to her be a box of De Met's Candies! Beautiful boxes for Mother's Day at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$7.50. Special "last moment" facilities for mailing selections out of Chicago.

De Met's CANDIES

5 WEST RANDOLPH STREET

Between State and Dearborn Streets

64 EAST WASHINGTON ST.

Between Adams and Monroe

11 WEST MADISON ST.

Between Michigan and Wabash Aves.

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BEULAH ANNAN AWAITS STORK, MURDER TRIAL

Jail Women Wonder What
Jurors Think About.

BY MAURINE WATKINS.

(Picture on back page)
What counts with a jury when a woman is on trial for murder?

Youth? Beauty? And if to those she adds approaching motherhood?

For pretty Mrs. Beulah Annan, who shot her lover, Harry Kollstedt, to the tune of her husband's phonograph, is expecting a visit from the stork early this fall. This 23 year old murderer, now waiting trial, is making this the basis for a further appeal to clemency.

Couldn't Take Two Lives.

Because of the "four-term" rule, Mrs. Annan's case cannot be continued for more than four terms of court without her consent. If she is brought to trial before autumn her condition can be considered by the jury, since it has the right to pass sentence. If the jury should give her death-

"There is no direct statute covering such contingency," said a former state's attorney, "but the state would have to delay execution till after the birth of the child, since it would be taking two lives instead of one."

"Her condition has no bearing upon the legality of the case," said her attorney, William Scott Stewart. "It would be a matter of executive clemency, once the sentence was passed. Or it might affect the jury."

What Influences a Jury?

A jury gives death—why? jury sent to the gallows together-together?

What affects a jury anyway? That's what they asked themselves, the seven inmates of "Murderess' Row," yesterday afternoon, for the conviction of one of their number broke the monotony of their life and startled them into a worried analysis. And Elizabeth Unkafer, the "Queen of the Streets" who records "what's" for the happy year under of her lover, Sam Boltschoff, held the spotlight for a few brief hours.

"They gave her 'life' because she killed a man! I have killed a man; will they—" then they gamely shake their heads—no, it can't be life for them! "What counts most with a jury after all?"

She said. "A woman never swung in Illinois," said one triumphantly.

Looks. [Elizabeth Unkafer was not cursed with fatal beauty.]

Jurors Have Eyesight.

"A jury isn't blind," said another, "and a pretty woman's never been con-

N. U. ALUMNA TELLS WHY PRESIDENT SCOTT HAS CROOKED FINGER

Miss Enid Miller, a graduate of the school of speech at Northwestern university, was speaking yesterday at a lecture-recital in Annie May Swift hall.

"In 1898 there was a boy who played on the ice and he got a crooked finger," she said. "He didn't always play football, either. Toward the end of the first half this Purple warrior broke the little finger of his left hand. He was playing right then, so he had to wait until the end of the game."

"We tied Chicago, 6 to 5. After the game was over the finger was set and cared for. But it didn't grow straight because, as he puts it: 'I had to play out the rest of the season—there actually wasn't time for it to heal.' President Walter Dill Scott has a crooked little finger on his left hand."

Victim in Cook county!" Gallant old Cook county!

Youth. [Elizabeth was 43.]

Kitty Main, who recently for shooting a watchman last November, is said to be the only young woman who's ever gone over the road, and Kitty wasn't well—quite "re-fined."

Of the four awaiting trial, the cases of Mrs. Annan and Mrs. Belva Gaertner would seem most similar to Elizabeth Unkafer's; each is accused of shooting a man, not her husband, with whom she was living. Both were done: each is supposed to be "a woman scorned" who shot the man "rather than lose him." But neither was at all disconcerted by Mrs. Unkafer's sentence.

"I can't see that it's anything at all like my case," said Mrs. Gaertner, the sophisticated divorcee indicted for shooting her. The young auto saleslady twirled about in her red dancing slippers.

"The cases are entirely different," said Mrs. Annan, quite the ingenue in her girlish checked fannel frock.

Lizzie Was No Beauty.

No, Elizabeth, with her straggly mop of red hair, pale eyes, and flabby cheeks, remembers it all too well. She paused in her scrubbing the jail floors yesterday afternoon to live it all over again.

Her attorney had pleaded "insanity."

"...Think I'm going to say I'm crazy," she asked indignantly. "Not much! They'd lock me up then with some that are worse than I am—and no tellin' then what would happen!" I wanted 'em to shoot me—why not?—at State and Madison—make a big day of it, and give every one a front seat, but they gave me life instead."

ROOSEVELT TELLS TRUTH ON NAVY; IT LACKS SHIPS

New York, May 8.—[Special.]—Members of the National Security League learned the truth about the navy at their annual meeting and dinner tonight when Curtis D. Wilbur, secretary of the navy, and Theodore Roosevelt, assistant secretary, were guests of honor.

It was Col. Roosevelt who told the facts about the fleet. He admitted his responsible statements.

that thirteen of the eighteen capital ships need modernization, that there is a deficiency of light cruisers and a total absence of cruising and mine laying submarines.

"We have got a good navy as far as it goes," he said, and again, "We have not got a fully rounded treaty one."

Secretary Wilbur's address was less enlightening. He did say, however,

that "the navy department ought not to be called on every time some individual states that the navy has deteriorated to get its scientists and chiefs together to disprove these irresponsible statements."

Senator McCormick Sails on Cruise to the Antilles

New York, May 8.—[Special.]—Senator Medill McCormick of Illinois has gone for a short cruise to the Antilles for a rest and to take note of the success or failure of the new administration's economic and our plans for political and economic reconstruction in Haiti and the Dominican Republic, submitted by the committee of which he is chairman.

LEAP FROG STORIES TO DEATH.

May 8.—John A. Collins, 66, of Galesburg, a brakeman on the Burlington, was killed today when he jumped from the fourth story of a building.

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The Chicago Rapid Transit Company has published a booklet giving authentic information about the extensions that are now being made. This gives the true facts about the Niles Center Dempster Street Extension. Property that you can buy here at a low figure under the Krenn & Dato easy payment plan will soon be in demand as sites for buildings that will be constructed in this newest addition to growing Chicago. Others have made fortunes in "L" Terminal property you can do it too!

Some of America's greatest men have realized the investment possibilities of good Real Estate and have set down

such practical advice that all of us should realize that no other form of investment offers such possibilities for large returns.

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Grover Cleveland said: "No investment on earth is so safe, so certain to enrich its owner as well-developed Real Estate. There is no such savings bank anywhere. Political economy teaches that the ownership of land is the foundation of all wealth."

These men, foremost Americans, and our forefathers who early saw the possibilities of Chicago Real Estate and accumulated immense fortunes on the increase in values, have shown the way. Follow their advice and example. The whole history of Chicago Real Estate over a period of ninety years proved that they were right. The future history of Chicago Real Estate is destined to be the same.

Niles Center offers an opportunity for you to follow in the footsteps of those who had the vision of Chicago's future and made wealth by investing.

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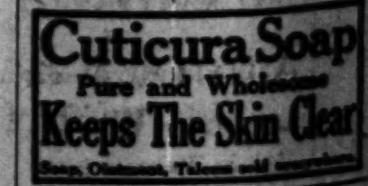
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TIES "INFLUENCE
OF MANNING
TO DAUGHERTY"

Key to Clients'

Krafftmiller

By PHILIP KENNEDY

Washington, D. C., May 8.—[Special.]—Krafftmiller, agent for the H. H. Smith system operated by the H. H. Smith Co., politics, liquor and tax cases further today before the investigating committee.

Letters substantiating that he had paid big sums to Mannington, after collecting a debt, were introduced. He related how Bill "Dempster" was a secret agent to District Attorney Hayward of New York, who had come up in the eastern end of the city and tried to get money from Mannington. Mannington had said he didn't get the money, he to shoot up Mannington.

I inquired about this, Krafftmiller, who was co-tenant with Mannington in the little green house on K street, "because Mannington was so nervous when he was door in Washington," he said, "when he was back and forth." Mannington, he said, was with his life, it was the last time he with Krafftmiller declared.

Claimed influence with



TIES "INFLUENCE" OF MANNINGTON TO DAUGHERTY

Key to Clients' Coffers, Kraffmiller Says.

BY PHILIP KINSLEY.

Washington, D. C., May 8.—Special Agent M. P. Kraffmiller of La Grange, Chicago agent for the underground system operated by Howard Mannington and Jess W. Smith in Washington politics, liquor and tax cases, testified further today before the Brookbank investigating committee.

Letters substantiating his charges that he had paid big sums of money to Mannington, after collecting from Chicago firms, are in a bankruptcy court, he said, but would be produced in week. He read one letter in which Mannington refused to return money to him, stating that he was "still ready to carry out our arrangement."

Says Jess Feared for His Life.
He related how "Bill" Orr, former secretary to District Attorney William Harvard of New York, who was mixed up in the eastern end of the syndicate, had also tried to get money back from Mannington, and had said that if he didn't get the money he was "going to shoot up" Mannington and Jess Smith.

"I inquired about this," said Kraffmiller, who was co-tenant with Mannington in the little green house on K street. "Because Mannington was nervous when he was called to the door in Washington."

Mannington, he said, did not pay back anything. Smith was also in fear of his life and it was this fear, coupled with remorse, that led to his suicide, Kraffmiller declared.

Claimed Influence with Daugherty.

"Did Mannington represent to you that he had influence with Harry M. Daugherty?" asked Senator Wheeler [Dem., Mont.]

"Yes, I was taking that for granted."

"Did you ever collect a dollar or more?" asked Attorney Paul Howland, counsel for the former attorney general.

No."

Senator Wheeler countered:

"Did either you or Mannington ever have any experience in practicing before Washington departments?"

"None."

The only purpose of paying this money was because of Mannington's influence with the attorney general."

"Yes, I believed he had the influence to get the permits."

"Is that why you collected from them people in Chicago?"

"Yes."

A Reference to McCauley.

"It was the same belief that Doheny had

when he retained McCauley," interjected Senator Moses [Rep., N. H.]

"You collected more than \$12,000 in Chicago and took it to Mannington in May," added Senator Wheeler.

"Yes."

You saw Smith and Mannington in frequent private conferences in K street?"

"Yes."

You know George Christian, the President's Secretary, there?"

"Yes, several times."

"And Mannington had department of Justice files?"

"Yes, there were girls there."

"Yes, from the Marion office."

"And Mannington got many appointments?"

"I know he recommended them."

Couldn't Deliver Anyway.

Mr. Howland here drew attention to the fact that despite all this supposed influence, Mannington was not able to deliver in the majority of the cases.

"Why not call Fred Caskey here?"

"Mr. Howland, 'I understand he is a lawyer in Washington.'

"He has refused to appear before the committee," said Chairman Brookhart.

Mary Yeager, former stenographer

in the Marion headquarters of the campaign, a dark slip of a girl, very much employed, testified that she was employed after the inauguration and often took dictation there from Smith, who had an office on the sixth floor. She said she had met Kraffmiller in Marion, also Orr, "Nick" Cimino, and Caskey, and had met Tom Feider and Alfred Union at the department of justice. Smith, she said, used to people him for Daugherty. She took down his love letters to Miss Roxie Stinson.

Inquiry Switches to Wheeler.

Switching from this phase of the case for a moment, the committee took up the Wheeler indictment "frame-up" in the Wheats indictment.

A. A. Grorud, Helena attorney, testi-

fied he had talked with Blair Coan, agent for the Department of Justice, in Montana in April.

"Coan came to me and said he wanted something to smear Senator Walsh," Grorud said. "He asked me for affidavits. He said they had Wheeler where they wanted him, and when they would get something on Walsh."

His statement was in answer to newspaper queries.

about the Campbell case and there was nothing they could convict Wheeler about in that. Coan said that was right, but they had the indictment held over Wheeler anyhow.

"Slattery, United States district attorney, had not wished to bring the case before a grand jury even, but the department of justice had a charge against Slattery in connection with some liquor prosecutions, and that made Slattery go through anything," Grorud said.

On cross-examination Grorud said that before 1918 he was a law partner of Senator Wheeler.

Marion Mum "for White."

Columbus, O., May 8.—Howard P.

Mannington, Columbus attorney, to-day said: "I can't be denying all these

small insinuations that come up during the Daugherty committee probe."

He said they had Wheeler where they wanted him, and when they would get something on Walsh."

His statement was in answer to newspaper queries.

Hunt Mail Robber Who Walked Out on Detectives
(Picture on back page.)

Mrs. Betty Zimmer, until recently telephone operator at the Elks club, and two men were booked for disorderly conduct last night after they had admitted playing the old "badger game" on two members of the order.

The woman, who is estranged from her husband, is living at 724 South Ashland avenue, where Orville Corran also resides. Thither, according to Sergs. John Murphy and Anthony McSwigan, went M. M. Lipman to the Elks club to meet his wife.

The couple were interrupted by Corvan and David Shapiro of 1508 North Artesian avenue—one posing as an angry husband and the other as the woman's equally angry brother.

The episode cost Lipman \$350.

Later he learned that W. B. Moore, a real estate man and fellow lodger, however, had been similarly visited while keeping an appointment.

Attorney Herbert Bradley, who recently recovered from a critical illness after undergoing three blood transfusion operations, is planning to accompany Prof. Harry Bigelow and Dean Arthur Scott of the University of Chicago in a research expedition to Africa, India, and points east. They will start in June and be gone a year. Bradley was in Africa two years ago.

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FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1924.

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ROME—NOVEL EXCELSIOR.
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- 4—Elevate Sidewalks Downtown.

THE FUTURE AMERICA.

President Coolidge asked congress for power to deal with Japanese exclusion by treaty. The conference of the house and senate committees at first denied this and agreed that the exclusion of Japanese immigrants should be absolute after July 1. The President renewed his request and the conference yielded to it to the extent of putting off the effect of Japanese exclusion until March 1 of next year, to give the executive that much time to do by diplomacy what congress wants to do by statute. However, a faction in the senate, unwilling to abide by the conference action, opened fire on the floor yesterday to overturn the agreement.

The conference settled upon the most rigid restrictions of other than Asiatic immigration. It made the limitation two per cent based on the 1890 population instead of 2 per cent on the 1910 as at present. That would reduce admissible aliens to 162,900 a year. It was further agreed that after July 1, 1927, the limit shall be 156,000. Of these 113,000 would be in the quota of the British Isles and Germany.

These decisions represent virtually everything restrictionists have asked. The alien pressure to prevent exclusion and restriction was organized and formidable. It was ignored. Evidently Mr. Coolidge regards the Japanese situation as serious. Congress regards the issue one of sovereignty and national future.

Blocs of American voters with alien interests used all pressure possible to defeat restriction and permit the influx of immigrants from lands from which they themselves came. Some American employers opposed the shutting off of the labor supply. Some countries, such as Italy, regard themselves as shut out of a labor market and are offended. In spite of all the opposition congress indicates that it will close the door. Mr. Coolidge may not be opposed to this in principle, but he does not approve the methods.

Congress always has been more sensitive to the national issues involved in immigration than administrations have been. This present action of congress is a virtually conclusive determination of the question if it gets into law. We think it has the true vision and that it expresses the soundest national instinct of withdrawal from a danger to national fabric.

It seems to us to have its power in an awakening of true American desire to make and maintain a homogeneous nation, an awakening of the same spirit which wanted the preservation of the Union territorially and before that wanted to carry the national boundaries to their natural limits.

America as a land of dark forests, prairie grass, plains and mountains needed people and needed more than would come from the natural increase along the seaboard. Its human strength came in at the seaports and it came at first from the lands which had furnished the original stock of the seaboard people. The newcomer had the same background, in general, as that of the people he joined, and it was the force entering the seaport which sent the pioneer over the mountain.

It was when the diversity of populations began to be offered that the question of dilution, assimilation and homogeneity arose and instinct for preservation of type awakened with it.

From the first in this matter there has been a conflict between congress and the President. The President has been under the influence of diplomacy, the department of state, and of treaties. Hayes vetoed the Chinese exclusion act because it abrogated a treaty. China agreed that the United States might limit or suspend the arrival of Chinese laborers whenever their coming affected the interests of any American region but did not agree that the United States should absolutely prohibit it. This was written into the treaty of 1880.

When congress passed a bill to enforce some of the provisions of the treaty President Arthur vetoed it, assigning as his reason that there was a violation of treaty contained in it.

In the next generation it was Japanese immigration that was disturbing the western coast and in 1907 the American government dealt with Japan as it previously had dealt with China. Under Roosevelt the gentlemen's agreement was made to keep congress from passing exclusion acts as it had been passed against the Chinese.

It is known that the secret history of the United States would reveal a worried period at this time in administrative Washington. We do not know how nearly the country then was touch and go with war with Japan. Roosevelt in some emergencies used both the soft word and the big stick. Sometimes he disdained the soft word. This time he spoke softly but the navy was sent to show itself in Japanese ports.

Congressional action was prevented but the parallel with the Chinese exclusion persists. The administrative anxiety to do it by diplomacy finally gave way to the congressional determination to do it by statute.

The individual congressman may have a strong instinctive nationality when fundamentals are reached. He is not responsible for the consequences, individually. The administration is. Congress may make the causes of a war, fall to provide the means by which one may be fought, and not be held responsible when the farmers' sons and the city workers are called out to fight.

In 1920 President Cleveland voted an immigration bill because it contained a literacy test. Con-

gress had recognized that Europe as well as Asia was furnishing strains which could not be easily, if at all, taken into the American fabric. Cleveland took the position that America's policy had been welcome to all, particularly to the unfortunate.

There was a reinvestigation of the subject, but when congress again attempted to stem the tide of immigration by using the literacy test, President Taft vetoed the bill.

In 1914, after California had alarmed Mr. Wilson by passing the land laws barring out the Japanese from ownership, congress intended to put an Asiatic exclusion provision into an immigration bill. The Japanese ambassador called on Mr. Bryan and demanded his right as of the person of one sovereign to see another, the President. He saw Mr. Wilson. The President called in the leaders of his party in congress and the exclusion provision was dropped. The Japanese ambassador expressed his satisfaction, but California continued to irritate the issue and when Mr. Wilson asked congress to repeal the law exempting American vessels from the Panama canal tolls, he used the portentous phrase that unless this were done, placating Great Britain, he would not know how to deal with other more intimate matters of greater import. We knew then that he meant the Japanese question.

Twice under Wilson the literacy test bill was introduced and passed and being vetoed both times by him was the second time passed over his veto.

Here is a line of conflict between congress and the President running back to the time when the first serious consideration was given to the effect of immigration upon America as a nation. The Presidents who vetoed restriction are as varied as can be found in American history. They were of both parties. Their temperaments, characters, policies and acts were in other respects different, but when congress tried to act on sure instinct the President has resorted to diplomatic formula.

Now Mr. Coolidge in 1924 is found exactly where Mr. Hayes was in 1879. The protesting nation in the one case is Japan and in the other China, and congress now is just where it was when it abrogated the Burlingame treaty with the Chinese.

The persistence and eventual success of the congressional idea is apparent and to us it seems for the good of the nation that it should persist and succeed. It may make trouble and the trouble will fall on the administration and on the people. Congress, which is so sure in its national instinct, is derelict in what would make the nation safe in asserting its sovereignty and its right to control alien sources of its citizenship. But better assert and control than weaken and be lost.

Mr. Coolidge may veto this bill when congress has presented it to him. If he does we know from the past that congress will continue at the matter until it has had its way. There are times when the representatives of the American people there is represented the true need of the people. There are times when congress is the American nation. This is one of them.

WE AMERICAN GOLDFISH.

Income tax publicity, insisted upon in congress, is intended to be part of a man hunt. It is intended that if any malefactor of great wealth is getting by with the dirty work and is not being found out by the government agents or is being protected by them, a posse comitatus of his poor but honest neighbors will get him.

The alien personal taxes are on open books in this state, and no particular disturbance occurs. Mr. Smith may smile when he sees the tax record that Mr. Brown, who has a grand piano, two automobiles, a talking machine, much silver, and a wife with pearls and diamonds, is assessed as if he owned an alarm clock and a cheap umbrella, but every one knows that our personal property law is unfair, unworkable, and antiquated. Mr. Brown gets by and Mr. Smith does not care.

Income is a different matter. A citizen may not mind being perfectly honest with the government. He may report to the last penny and pay without even a complaint, but he will not care to have the whole block know these intimate details of his life. Sometimes a man is willing to tell the world what he earns and what he has to live on, but most men have more reticence.

American citizens may soon have a private interest only in a tooth brush, but some of them do not like the process by which they are being changed into goldfish. Marie Antoinette had that experience in jail, and tender hearted people think of it as a terrifying torture never to have been out of the sight of a guard.

The country may accept the publicity provision differently, thinking it means something to the bad man of hidden wealth but nothing to the citizens generally. When they find that unfair competitors may pry into the business affairs of a small merchant and find out just how and when to bust him the law will not be so popular.

It will not be popular with any citizen who suddenly finds that he is out in the street in his financial underclothes and not a barge in sight.

Undoubtedly we now have a great disposition as a government to take the individual out in the street, turn his pockets inside out, stick something down his throat and look at his bones, make him jump through hoops, tell who his grandmother was and why, explain his opinions and justify his having any demand why he has a repeated desire to wear spats and defy him to deny it; accuse him of an appetite for young green onions, and then run him ragged up the street on general principles.

It's a great government, and it's taking in a lot of territory. Presently we'll billet a bureaucrat in each household and Washington will know it if John Smith does not eat enough spinach.

Editorial of the Day

THE BURSUM PENSION BILL.

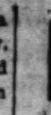
[The Peoria Transcript.]

President Coolidge has voted the Bursum pension bill, which would add to the cost of the pension rolls \$425,000,000 in the first ten years. This bill was voted by the late President Harding, but was rejected by the present senate by a vote of 51 to 28 and adopted in the house by a record vote. The measure would grant increased pensions to veterans, widows, dependent children, and nurses of the war of 1812, the Mexican, civil, Spanish, Philippine, and Boxer wars and to maimed veterans of all wars, including the world war.

The President exercised his veto on the ground that liberal pension increases were made as late as 1920 and that "no public requirement at the present time ranks with the necessity for the reduction of taxation." In short, the President declares the Bursum bill calls for an "unwarranted expenditure of the money of the taxpayers." The country probably will agree with him. As far as Congress is concerned, it will afford an excellent opportunity to prove its sincerity by attempting to pass the Bursum bill over the executive veto.

President Coolidge has before him several other measures which call for a considerable increase in taxation. In each case he will be able to throw fiscal responsibility upon congress.

Passing the buck in the easy "Cal" is not what it's cracked up to be.



How to Keep Well... By Dr. W. A. Evans.

Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, if matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit, or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, subject to proper limitations, and where a stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed, Dr. Evans will not make a diagnosis or prescribe for individual cases. Requests for such service cannot be answered.

[Copyright: 1924, By Dr. W. A. Evans.]

FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE. According to the papers, quoting our old friend Dooley of Archey, foot and mouth disease is about as bad as the plague. The Japanese ambassador called on Mr. Bryan and demanded his right as of the person of one sovereign to see another, the President. He saw Mr. Wilson. The President called in the leaders of his party in congress and the exclusion provision was dropped. The Japanese ambassador expressed his satisfaction, but California continued to irritate the issue and when Mr. Wilson asked congress to repeal the law exempting American vessels from the Panama canal tolls, he used the portentous phrase that unless this were done, placating Great Britain, he would not know how to deal with other more intimate matters of greater import. We knew then that he meant the Japanese question.

In 1914, after California had alarmed Mr. Wilson by passing the land laws barring out the Japanese from ownership, congress intended to put an Asiatic exclusion provision into an immigration bill.

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WHEELER GETS SETBACK; WETS CHARGE DECEIT

Beer Inquiry Hears Anti-Saloon League Officials

BY DONALD EWING.

Washington, D. C., May 8.—[Special.]—Wayne Wheeler, Anti-Saloon league chief, was all set today to hand the house Judiciary committee 500 pages of reasons why a man shouldn't drink 2.75 per cent beer, but Representative Norman Perlman [Rep., N. Y.] spotted it all with a politely worded charge that Mr. Wheeler is somewhat of a vicious liar whose money can't be trusted.

Mr. Wheeler wanted the 10,000 word statement put in the Record without bothering to read it. Mr. Perlman objected, and remarked that Mr. Wheeler once before had submitted vicious and false statements in a Report and later had to withdraw them. Consequently, he argued, anything from Mr. Wheeler must be out in the open and subject to the sunlight of public cross-examination.

Perlman Sticks by Gun.

Extra dry, doubtful dry, and wicked committee men, according to your viewpoint, said little during the exchange of pleasantries which followed with Mr. Wheeler denying Ananias traits and Mr. Perlman insisting he could prove them. But the hearing on fifteen beer bills finally proceeded.

Driving home one arm while the other encircled the waist of a girl companion yesterday brought William Benson of Crystal Lake, Ill., a sentence of six months in the county jail and a \$50 fine from Judge Marcus Kavanagh.

Benson's automobile forced another car, driven by Leo T. Addison, 6100 South Winchester avenue, into a ditch near Des Plaines, Ill., last October, it was charged. Addison testified that Benson had his arm about the waist of Miss Thelma Peterson, 49 Denning place.

In the back seat was Irwin Hutchinson of Crystal Lake and another girl, Hutchinson, also charged with assault with a deadly weapon, was given three months.

John L. Johnson, 41436 West Madison street, yesterday was severely injured when struck by an automobile driven by a colored man, who failed to stop after the accident. He was taken to the county hospital. It may be necessary to amputate one of his legs.

The pleasantries went along this way:

MR. PERLMAN—I object to the statement being inserted in the Record, because Mr. Wheeler in a memorandum submitted on the Crampton bill to the internal department put in vicious attacks which he later withdrew.

MR. WHEELER—I challenge that.

"False and Vicious."

Mr. Perlman—I would object to the statement if I didn't heartily believe that Mr. Wheeler will say that such statements are dare not say publicly where he can be subjected to cross-examination. I repeat that the Wheeler memorandum on the Crampton bill contained false and vicious statements which were struck out when he called on them.

MR. WHEELER—Some one else may have taken them out.

MR. PERLMAN—No; you did it.

Mr. Wheeler then gave an hour's talk in which he explained that he is general counsel, realizes that 2.75 per cent beer is not good for him or anyone, but that it is for others, and consequently, no one must have it.

He postponed most of his testimony, however, so that Bishop Thomas Nicholas of Chicago, president of the Anti-Saloon League, could take the stand.

Bishop Nicholas headed a committee from the Methodist conference in Springfield, which came here just to testify.

HEINZ PURE Vinegars

So little vinegar is used at a meal, and so much depends on the flavor of that little, that the cost is negligible.

For only a little more you can have Heinz Vinegar—the best that can be made, rich, mellow, with a delicate, aromatic, appetizing flavor that brings out the best of everything it touches.

During the last two years I have given much study to this subject, and I have become obsessed with the idea that education, and not legislation, is what is needed, and that the proper method of approach is through the boys and girls of the teen ages and even younger ones can be accomplished in this way before the next generation can be won over to the right way.

Now it has come to me many times

during the last few years that newspapers like the *True Chicago Tribune* should be more constructive help to such organizations as the Tree Lovers' Association of America, of which J. A. Young, Aurora, Ill., is the prime moving spirit.

Using as you do large quantities of wood pulp in the manufacture of paper, it seems obligatory on your part

to organize a campaign or join a movement that has for its object the planting of trees.

PLANT MORE TREES.

Sig. III, April 22.—From time to time a writer has noted the articles in your paper regarding the imperative necessity for creating interest in the growing of trees, but none impressed me more than the one printed some days ago under "When the Big Trees Go," by Bob Becker.

A portion of the last paragraph contains the meat of the whole article, here goes: "If this country of ours doesn't wake up pretty soon and start sowing and do less cutting, sections with big trees will soon be a thing of the past."

Now it has come to me many times

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J. H. Rognon.



The hands of the clock indicate the number of deaths by autos, guns, and moonshine in Cook County since Jan. 1 last.

TRAIN CRASHES INTO AUTO AT WORTH; ONE DIES

Howard Stromberg, 24, of Worth, Ill., was killed yesterday when the automobile in which he was driving was struck by a Wabash train at a crossing in Worth. His death raised the county's motor death toll this year to 186.

Driving with one arm while the other encircled the waist of a girl companion yesterday brought William Benson of Crystal Lake, Ill., a sentence of six months in the county jail and a \$50 fine from Judge Marcus Kavanagh.

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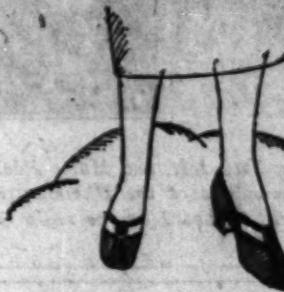
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MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS • IMPORTERS • WHOLESALERS • RETAILERS

Retail Store • State, Washington, Randolph and Wabash

The Field "La Rue", \$13.50 An Unusually Smart Step-in Pump



THE "La Rue," an exclusive and very new design, may be worn with the tailored suit, and because of its small ornament and its novelty, treated insets, with the less severe costume. You will find it in tan Russia, white linen with white calf, patent leather or tan Russia trimming. \$13.50.

New Models for Street, Sports and Dress Wear

Our Shoe Section commands the best in material, design and workmanship, and for that reason you may always be sure that your selection is authentic in style and of our usual standard. This spring we have an almost unlimited number of new designs for every type of use—for street, sports, afternoon and formal wear.

Women's Shoe Section, Fourth Floor, South, State

Women's New Wash Frocks Fresh and Summery, \$12 and \$15

Many Daintily Trimmed With Handwork

ANTICIPATING warmer days, when such cool, daintily simple Dresses will be a first thought, this showing presents precisely the type of Dresses women will most want, as decidedly unusual pieces.

Sheer French and Normandy Voiles, sturdy English broadcloth, linen of excellent quality, are made up into the be-coming lines of this season.



Tweed Suits for Misses at \$25 Misses' Spring Frocks of Wool Challis, Very Moderately Priced at \$22.75

MOST unusual stripes and block patterns in striking color combinations on characteristic creamy grounds make these new wool challis Frocks the smartest sort of addition to the spring and summer wardrobe.

The Four Pictured Below Are Typical of Many Styles

The two-piece effect, though really one garment, has a fascinating roll collar with black tie that slips through a monogram at the point of the V. Second, a chic little sleeveless affair, cleverly striped in black and green on cream, with collar and pocket flaps of linen, lace-edged. The tan and green block design has eyelet embroidery, a green suede belt, odd pockets, one high, one low. Hemstitched organdie cuff and pocket flaps, a narrow vestee, tiny set-in sleeves and the decorative little buttons, found on many models, add charm to the fourth pictured.

Misses' Dresses, Sixth Floor, North, State



Two Typical Models Are Sketched

The loose box type is trimmed on collar and cuffs with bright flannel and matched by the buttons. The skirt is wrap style, habit back.

The other Suit is a boyish cut, very severely tailored, and untrimmed. The skirt is a habit-back, wrap style.

Misses' Suits at \$47.50

Two-piece Suits in tan and tan twill, hairline stripe, oxford and mixtures, appear in many styles, boyish, semi-fitted, box and longer-coated models. They are extremely well tailored and well fitting, and would ordinarily sell at a much higher price. The color range is very wide, including graystone, black and white, and blue and white, and navy.

Misses' Suits, Sixth Floor, Middle, Wabash

Ivanhoe Silk Gloves, \$1.65

Exceptional Value, 16-button Length

WITH the warm spring days and the necessity for gloves to suit the weather comes this very timely selling of Ivanhoe Silk Gloves in 16-button length. Manufactured under the most exacting conditions, they embody perfection in every detail and will be a very necessary addition to costume accessories during the spring and summer.

In Our Best Quality of Milanese Silk

Style is emphasized in every line of these gloves—the kind of style that comes from a perfect fit and beautiful quality of material, both of which combine to give excellent service. In addition, all the colors that are most in demand this spring are represented.

Fabric Glove Section, First Floor, South, State

Silks from Field's

New for Summer Frocks

AMONG the attractive silks for the wardrobe of the coming season are rub silks in a large variety of patterns in plaid, pin and awning stripes. They come on white grounds in multi-colored or one tone stripes, \$2 to \$3.50.

Popular white Sports Silks, in plain weaves, stripes, plaids and brocade effects, 40 inches wide, \$2 to \$8.50.

Handsome crepes de chine, so fashionable this spring, in all colors, 40 inches wide, \$2 to \$4 a yard.

Silk Section, Second Floor, South, State

Silks

The Three Dresses Sketched Are Representative of the Very Attractive Selection

A SIMPLE, straight-lined linen Dress is pictured first, trimmed with drawn thread work on the waist, and contrasting piping. In blue, green, lavender, yellow, rose, gray, tan, brown and white, \$12.

A dotted Normandy voile, shown second, has a plaid panel effect back and front, and collar and cuffs of lace and a wide satin belt. The sleeves are quite short. This Frock comes in brown, blue and black, \$15.

A soft French voile, made by hand, has a square neck, with designs in hand-drawn work, shirred belt, and tiny tucks. In open, yellow, peach, green, orchid, pink, tan, white. Sketched third, \$12.

Woman's Moderately Priced Dress, Sixth Floor, South, Wabash

Smart New Walking Sticks Interestingly Low Priced at \$1.75

WITH spring and the tailored mode come the fashionable new Walking Sticks to lend their air of smart sophistication to every street costume.

The Stick shown is of enameled wood with an amber tip and trim leather wrist strap. It comes in all the popular spring shades to contrast or harmonize with any day time attire. Among these shades are: black and white, tan, brown, powder blue, green and purple, \$1.75.

Umbrella Section, First Floor, South, State

Full-Fashioned Silk Hose In Popular Colors, \$1.65 the pair

WHEN full-fashioned silk stockings of such quality are available at this low price, it is economy to purchase a good supply. They have an exceptionally clear weave and silky texture that give them an unusually attractive appearance. With their full-fashioned lines and lisle tops and soles a splendid fit and long service are insured.

All the latest spring shades are displayed in this Selling, such as French nude, Airedale, Sahart, champagne, dawn, tanbark, pearl and many others.

Woman's Hose, First Floor, North, State



Corsets and Brassieres, Fifth Floor, South, Wabash

Picturing a Few of the Models

At the left is our Facile No. T01 for the average to the larger figure in sizes to 38, of 16-inch hand woven elastic combined with silk broche over the abdomen and back, \$11. For the slender figure, at the center, a 12-inch girdle of silk broche with four sections of imported, hand-woven silk elastic, \$7.50. At the right, Facile No. 16, of lace trimmed silk broche, back-laced, \$8.50. The center figure holds a Facile Step-In girdle of hand-woven silk elastic, priced in the May Selling at \$14.

Pink silk tricot Brassiere with brocaded satin, has elastic section at the side, on the first figure, \$3.75. The third figure shows a diaphragm Brassiere of pink satin with sections of crossed elastic at the side, \$2.75.

Other Sports Hats are of leghorn or hair, fabric and straw combined, in many colors and shapes, from \$8.75 to \$13.75.

The Smaller Girl Will Like This Leghorn, \$8.75

DEATH NOTICES

CALL RUHR MINE
STRIKE SLAM AT
EXPERTS' REPORTMORGAN, HOME,
DODGES QUERY ON
GERMAN LOAN

New York, May 8.—Wall street reports that J. P. Morgan was returning from Europe "with the \$100,000,000 German reparations loan contract in his pocket" were neither affirmed nor denied by the financier when he arrived today on the Homeric.

Accompanying Mrs. Morgan home after a two month sojourn abroad, the financier emerged from his apparent reticence to discuss at length the subject with which his name had been prominently linked since the Dawes committee recommended an allied loan of \$200,000,000 as the foundation of its reparation plan.

He declined to corroborate the Wall street report publicly. He would not discuss the possibility of raising the \$75,000,000 share of the loan the Dawes committee allotted to England and the \$25,000,000 it was proposed to raise among continental European nations.

"If I had the American \$100,000,000 contract in my pocket, as they say, I could not possibly discuss its contents at this time, before I have had the opportunity to confer with my associates," he said.

In Nationalist anti-Dawes political circles the general drift in the Ruhr is generally accepted without question. It is believed it shows the world that conditions in Germany are still unsettled and that things are not so rosy as the Dawes commission reported.

Another reason for satisfaction among the Nationalist group, which is also the coal mine owner group, is that the German industries laid up big supplies of coal for the summer, while the strikers have no funds, and so may have to rust on work shortly.

600,000 Now Locked Out or Refusing to Work.

BY GEORGE SELDES.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)
Copyright, 1924, by The Chicago Tribune.
BERLIN, May 8.—German coal mine operators throughout the country have locked out all miners refusing to accept an eight to ten hour day instead of the total on strike and locked out 400,000. Ninety per cent of the Ruhr miners are out. The battle today is to decide whether the eight hour day is to prevail in Germany, or whether, in order to meet the Dawes reparations plan, the German working men must work nine or ten hours.

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BURNS FATAL TO BABY.
James McLaughlin Jr., 2, died at the community hospital yesterday morning, 8:30 a.m., when he fell against a hot water heater in the bathroom of his parents' home, 222 West Roosevelt road.

DO YOU WANT TO KNOW

What the proper attire is for any formal affair? Many men who have a dress clothes wardrobe do not know when to use it and what type of formal clothes to wear for the occasion.

When the strike collapses the owners plan to pass the hardships upon them to the workers. Although Henry Stinnes first advocated a ten hour coal mine day, especially all the big owners in the Ruhr insist on an eight hour surface and an eight hour underground workday. They also refuse to pay the workers the peace-time wages of 5 marks for an eight hour day. They are now paying \$1 a day. They are willing to grant an increase of only 10 per cent, although the cost of food and living is about twice what it was pre-war.

Report on British Meeting.

PARIS, May 8.—Premier Poincaré left Paris tonight for the Department of the Meuse for a final election campaign and will return to Quai d'Orsay Monday evening. During the trip he will study a Belgian memorandum concerning the conversations of Premier Thiers and Foreign Minister Hyman with Prime Minister MacDonald at Chequers last week, which arrived to day from Brussels.

London Admits Letter.

LONDON, May 8.—The foreign office, amplifying its earlier denial of the story that Prime Minister MacDonald had written to President Wilson, another letter, if it becomes known this afternoon that a communication has been addressed to Quai d'Orsay, but insisted that the letter had no especial significance.

The communication consisted of a short summary of the subjects discussed at Chequers last weekend with Premier Thiers of Belgium and Foreign Minister Hyman and was merely a perfumy summary of a discussion of interest to the allies.

SUE PRINTERS ON PATENTS.
Banigan & Banning, Chicago law firm, yesterday filed a suit in chancery in behalf of John A. Banigan, president of the International Printing Co., against the Duane Printers Co., claiming the action involves certain patent rights.

T. C. Schaffner, Inc.

Dress Suit Specialist
"Instant Fitting"
"Big Gun" Brand
130 North State St.
Field's Opposite Us
Phone State 6732

O'Connor & Goldberg
The Costume Bootery
23 and 25 Madison St. East
O-G SHOES AND HOSIERY

Today's Feature!

THE O-G NUSETTE
O-G Patent Leather
One Strap Slippers

New and very clever styling!
Trimmed with dull kid, as
illustrated.

\$12.50
Broad toes, short
vamps and box heels.

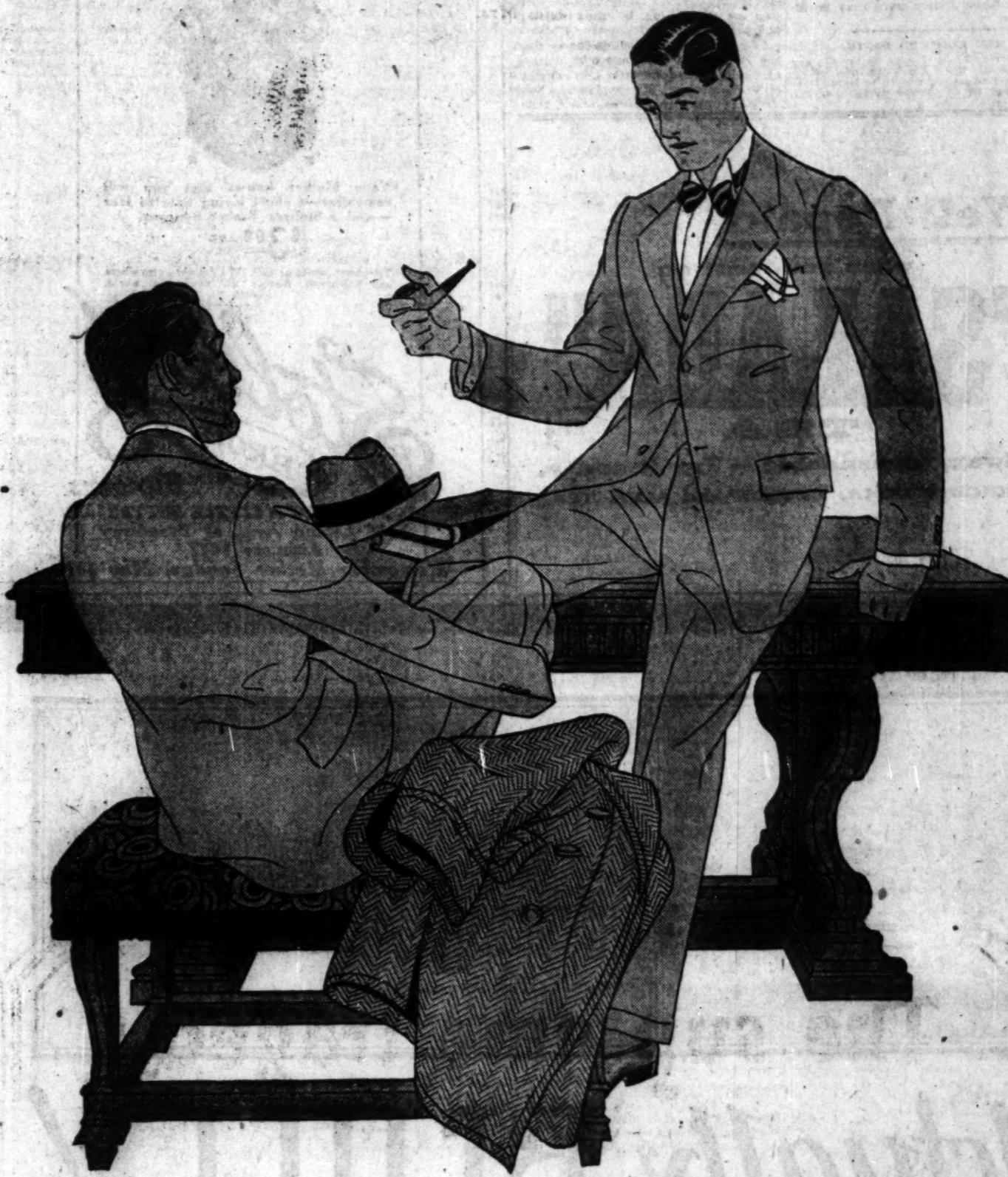
Today in the O-G Madison Street Shop

Also presented in the O-G Uptown Bootery
at 4616 Sheridan Road near Wilson

MONUMENT
Monuments or Headstones
erected anywhere by the old and eastern
CHAS. G. BLAKE CO.
will be carved and decorated. Price
Works, Elgin, Ill. 671-672. Price 6270

THE HUB
Henry C. Lytton & Sons

STATE at JACKSON—on the Northeast Corner

The Season's choicest fabrics in
SOCIETY BRAND Clothes

featured at \$60

Correctly cut Powder Blues, Lytton Greys
and Lytton Blue Greys

THIS assortment shows how comprehensively the well dressed man is served by THE HUB, the world's largest fine clothing store. Here are assembled great numbers of the very best clothes America has to offer—Society Brand; hundreds of

patterns where you might expect a dozen; all the smart models that are the thing today. Cut in the imitable manner, made up in the season's choicest fabrics—Powder Blues, Lytton Greys, Lytton Blue Greys. And priced as nowhere else.

Unusual values in other
Society Brand ClothesSuits - - \$45 to \$85
Topcoats \$45 to \$75

IT'S THE CUT OF YOUR CLOTHES THAT COUNTS

SAVANTS TRAP GERM OF HOOF, MOUTH PLAGUE

BY GEORGE SELDES.

(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

(Copyright: 1924: By The Chicago Tribune.)
BERLIN, May 8.—The German government, through Dr. Wiemann, conducted experiments which resulted in a serum vaccine which has given satisfactory results in treatment of the hoof and mouth disease affecting cattle. At the same time Prof. Paul Frosch of the Berlin Veterinary college gave THE TRIBUNE details regarding the discovery and isolation of the hoof and mouth disease germ through which he is now working to breed germs for another vaccine better than the present one.

The present vaccine is manufactured by the government on an island in the Baltic sea because the virulence of the disease requires precautions. Dr. Wiemann says that the vaccine has been successful in Germany, less than 1 per cent of affected animals given the serum die. However, Dr. Wiemann emphasizes the fact that the hoof and mouth disease has been prevalent in Germany for 200 years and that the disease has now about worn out. For this reason Dr. Wiemann does not know whether the German vaccine would work as successfully in England and America, where the disease frequently is most virulent.

Sure of New Vaccine.

Prof. Frosch, however, is most optimistic over the new vaccine, believing that a new vaccine will soon be produced which will end the hoof and mouth disease everywhere. The isolation of the germ is considered one of the greatest feats in medical progress.

The work was begun by Prof. Hans Dahmen, who from the saliva of cows was able to breed germs. His method is to inject the saliva obtained remained virulent ten months after separation from the animal. But Prof. Dahmen could not see the bacteria under the strongest microscope and he could go no further.

Prof. Frosch built a special micro-

scope at the Zeiss works, but found that it was impossible to see the bacteria in yellow daylight. He provided a dark room with ultra-violet rays and constructed a quartz instead of a glass lens, which he believed would make the germs visible, but the human eye could not penetrate the ultra-violet ray glasses. Prof. Koehler then perfected a microscopic astronomical apparatus and Prof. Frosch, using it, obtained photographs of the germs.

Breeds Twenty-five Generations.
New York, May 8.—Declaring that the Republican party will lose eleven important states in the coming presidential election if it does not make a declaration on the wet and dry question, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, today came out squarely for the adoption of an anti-prohibition plank in the Republican 1924 platform.

"The only way to get back to sound constitutional government is to root out the chief causes of the existing lawlessness," Dr. Butler said. "This can be accomplished only by a declaration on prohibition in the national platform."

The university head declared that the Republican party stood in danger of losing Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware,

ware, Wisconsin, Illinois, and Mississippi. Dr. Butler, who is a delegate to the Republican national convention in Cleveland next month, launched a vigorous attack on the Volstead act, the eighteenth amendment, and prohibition enforcement before a meeting of Missouri society members in New York ten days ago. His speech caused a national stir.

In more than 10,000 letters and 2,000 telegrams, Dr. Butler said the proportion of those commanding his utterances against those opposing them was in the proportion of 200 to 1.

"My attention has been called to the danger of the party if it fails to satisfy public opinion or if it allows itself to be allied even in appearance with the activities of the Anti-Saloon league."

Dr. Butler asserted he had made his speech "as a duty to a private citizen and not to a party leader," and added: "I did it because I was convinced that the eighteenth amendment and the Volstead act had set the saloons free from such effective regulation as had previously existed and had multiplied the places where liquor may be had while driving them out of sight."

**A WET PLANK OR
G. O. P. WILL LOSE
11 STATES: BUTLER**

Educator Says Public Opinion Demands It.

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**SAVANTS TRAP
GERM OF HOOF,
MOUTH PLAGUE**

BREEDS TWENTY-FIVE GENERATIONS.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Declaring that the

REPUBLICAN PARTY WILL LOSE ELEVEN

IMPORTANT STATES IN THE COMING

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION IF IT DOES NOT

MAKE A DECLARATION ON THE WET AND DRY

QUESTION, DR. NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER,

PRESIDENT OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, TODAY

CAME OUT SQUARELY FOR THE ADOPTION OF

AN ANTI-PROHIBITION PLANK IN THE REPUBLICAN

1924 PLATFORM.

"THE ONLY WAY TO GET BACK TO SOUND

CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT IS TO ROOT

OUT THE CHIEF CAUSES OF THE EXISTING

LAWLESSNESS," DR. BUTLER SAID. "THIS

CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED ONLY BY A DECLARATION

ON PROHIBITION IN THE NATIONAL

PLATFORM."

THE UNIVERSITY HEAD DECLARED THAT

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY STOOD IN DANGER

OF LOSING MASSACHUSETTS, CONNECTICUT,

NEW HAMPSHIRE, RHODE ISLAND, NEW YORK,

PENNSYLVANIA, NEW JERSEY, DELAWARE,

WARE, WISCONSIN, ILLINOIS, AND MISSISSIPPI.

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TALES OF HOTEL EPISODES LIVEN DUNN HEARING

Relations with Engineer
Brought Into Case.

BY GENEVIEVE FORBES.

Mrs. Dorothy Dunn's alleged ability, in the past, to obtain \$1,500 from Henry W. Steele, "just because he liked her," may have a bit of an influence on her ability, in the near future, to get the \$100,000 she is demanding from her father-in-law, Mr. G. Dunn, just because he doesn't like her, and she charges alienated the affections of her husband, Calvert Z. Dunn.

Yesterday afternoon a jury before Judge Philip L. Sullivan balanced the scales to testify in to Mr. Steele's deposition against the \$100,000 sought by the attractive young woman in the quite correct "tailleur," whatever that is.

Her Folks All There.
At the side of Dorothy's millionaire father-in-law there sat, both literally and legally, Dorothy's mother, Mrs. C. M. Nichols of Detroit, and her sister, Mrs. Blanche Hargraves of Cleveland. Both women had previously, and with zest, testified against their kinswoman.

They listened, without any signs of disapproval, as Attorney John L. Hopkins, of counsel for Mr. Dunn, argued the objection of Attorney Charles G. Smith, counsel for Mrs. Dunn Jr., the deposition of Henry W. Steele, construction engineer living formerly at 3115 West North avenue.

Mr. Steele, according to the evidence, first met Dorothy Dunn, Feb. 17, 1921, at the La Salle hotel. Following his graduation from the University of Michigan co-ed, the two, the deposition stated, went to the theater, danced and dined and drank. And they made their last stop at the Hotel Metropole where they registered as Henry W. Steele and wife of Milwaukee.

"The next morning," the deposition read, "I gave Dorothy a check for \$50 to pay part of her rent; then I drove her home to her apartment at 5055 Sheridan road."

Meet in Milwaukee.
Mr. Steele's next meeting with Zephania Dunn's daughter-in-law, the evidence declared, was Feb. 21, 1921, at the Hotel Pfister, Milwaukee, where the pair again registered as man and wife. Mr. Steele, on the cross examination read yesterday, denied he had violated the Mann act, and maintained that the \$125 he gave Mrs. Dunn a few days after was in the nature of a gift, "just because I liked her and she needed the money."

Miss Georgia Thayer, a stenographer of 1504 East 53d street, from the stand yesterday repudiated a former friendship with Dorothy when she testified that the girl had told her "never bought Christmas presents" but just "picked them up in the stores."

Alaska

The Wonder Voyage

This is the "something different" for which you have been looking. The spell of Alaska! You never can appreciate it until you meet the country "face to face". Plan to make the trip early in the season—in May or June this wonderland is especially alluring and the voyage delightful. September, too. Attractive side trips by rail may be made into the interior of this remarkably interesting country.

**\$166 Chicago
to Alaska**

round trip
rail and ship



Northern Pacific Ry.
"2000 Miles of Startling Beauty"

GROSSMAN'S

OPENING

We announce with pleasure The Opening on Saturday of our beautiful and commodious store at 6335 South Halsted street.

Here, as in our entire chain, you will find a corps of experienced salespeople, trained to fit with comfort and precision the most exacting customers.

We shall in this new store emphasize the Grossman policy: "Service, Value and Style with Economy."



**LOOP STORE, STATE AND RANDOLPH STS.
(ON THE NORTHEAST CORNER)
911 EAST 63d STREET**

**4644 SHERIDAN ROAD
(Near Wilson Ave.)
1380 MILWAUKEE AVE.
(Bet. Wood and Lincoln)**

THERE'S A GROSSMAN STORE NEAR YOU

SUIT AGAINST SMALL PRESSED BY E. J. BRUNDAGE

Springfield, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—Attorney General Brundage indicated today his intention to press the famous "Grant Park bank" case so vigorously that before the close of his term it either will have been concluded or so far advanced that it cannot be dropped by his successor.

This is the civil suit seeking to recover the interest and state funds during the treasurership of Gov. Len Small and Lt. Gov. Fred E. Sterling, upon the disappearance of which was based the trial of Gov. Small at Waukegan almost two years ago.

The attorney general announced that the hearings before Master in Chancery Charles G. Bringle will be resumed here on May 15 and "pushed to an early ending."

**GIBBONS TAKES
SOME OF TINSEL
OUT OF SHEIKS**

[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.] PARIS, May 8.—The sheik legend was demolished by Floyd Gibbons, speaking today at a luncheon at the American club. Mr. Gibbons said that in all his travels through Africa and across the desert he never encountered the type of dashing, handsome, love-making sheik made famous in fiction and movies as romantic conqueror of the hearts of beautiful Anglo-Saxon girls in the desert.

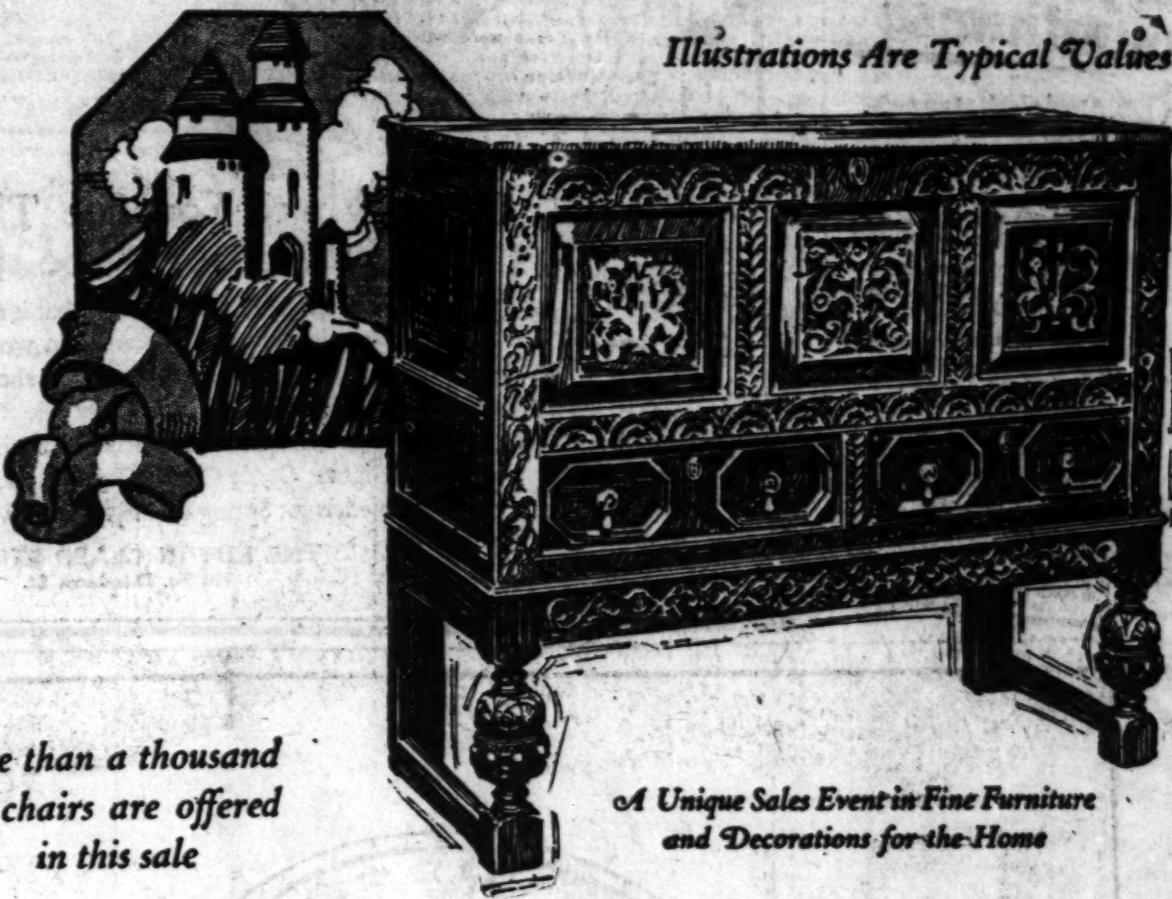
"Real sheiks are not like that at all," Mr. Gibbons said. "They would never win any prizes for handsomeness, and they are very unromantic."

A large crowd of club members applauded Mr. Gibbons' speech, describing the adventures of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE'S trans-Saharan expedition, which he headed.

Prices Tell the Story

*In the first stock-reducing sale offered
by the famous Zork Galleries*

Illustrations Are Typical Values



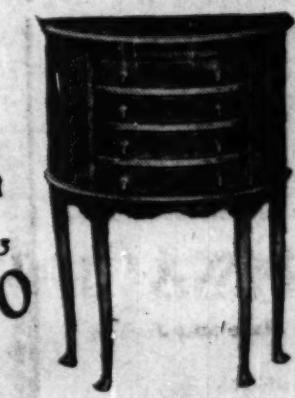
Imported
Elizabethan
oak chest,
panels
carved and inlaid
Regular \$375
Now \$235

More than a thousand
fine chairs are offered
in this sale

Hand made
walnut French
arm chair in satin
Regular \$175
Now \$95



MANY of our patrons could scarcely believe that all stock in our Galleries are included in this event, in most cases *at cost or below*. We call your attention to "Zork pieces," distinctive designs from our own shop—also to our showing of exquisitely upholstered pieces, decorative fabrics and needlework.



Imported English lowboy,
marvelous reproduction,
with seaweed marquetry inlays
Regular \$465
Now \$295



Imported
satinwood
half round
cabinet, hand decorated
in antique style
Regular \$395
Now \$315



Imported satinwood
Adam drop leaf table
Regular \$395
Now \$295

Museum Pieces

ESENTIALLY to be noted are antique chairs and cabinets, and other rare and lovely things collected by us abroad. Your choice at prices far below normal.

Antique Tapestries

BEAUTIFUL decorative wall hangings, in convenient sizes and priced for immediate selling. Fine Gobelins and Aubussons are included, with rare examples of show pieces, such as a tapestry formerly belonging to the Duke of Saxe-Weimar and companion piece to a hanging in the J. Pierpont Morgan collection.



William and Mary bureau,
a fine reproduction
in antique walnut
Regular \$450
Now \$245

An Opportunity
in a Thousand

**Dabid Zork Co.
Interior Decorators**

201-207 North Michigan Blvd.,

Fine Furniture

Lamps
Bronzes

HOR

arday
ng Days

R with some
delicacy—a pack-
oodies—the most
le city. And,
her favorite in
ore is the place to

able price some people
quality. As a matter
t candy making. Good
and this store sells only

Made Assortment
the best advantage the splen-
fruit
23 Lbs., \$2

POUND MOTHER'S DAY AS-
SORTMENT—The handsomest kind of an
assortment—candy, chocolates, nuts, candies,
as well as undipped chocolates,
caramels, and cream kisses—18
varieties, well packed, attrac-
tively boxed.

2 pounds, \$1.00

SORTED CHOCOLATE CREAMS
(Pecan, Almond, etc.)

tiny Italian style creams in a fas-
inating variety of luscious fruit fla-
vors. The soft caramels, the soft cen-
tral chocolates, this package will
certainly appeal to her.

3 pounds, \$1.00

HOP

ELICIOUS CHERRY
40c

PERFECT APRICOT PIE
40c

BUTTERSCOTCH SLICES
25c

KOFFEE

a cup of coffee can hold you
utterly reasonable in price—
value in the city—

10 lbs., \$3.89

A DOLLAR

they have no equal.

Basket Fired Japan,
Gunpowder, Round \$1.00

JUMBO LEMONS—juicy fruit.
29c

WENATCHEE VALLEY
WINESAPS—\$3.25

Box—

KOFFEE

a cup of coffee can hold you
utterly reasonable in price—
value in the city—

10 lbs., \$3.89

APPLE—Extra fancy quality—
good size.

39c

LEMONS, Lb., 49c

WENATCHEE VALLEY
WINESAPS—\$3.25

Box—

KOFFEE

a cup of coffee can hold you
utterly reasonable in price—
value in the city—

10 lbs., \$3.89

COFFEE

they have no equal.

Basket Fired Japan,
Gunpowder, Round \$1.00

JUMBO LEMONS—juicy fruit.
29c

WENATCHEE VALLEY
WINESAPS—\$3.25

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LODGE SUBMITS HIS OWN COURT OUTSIDE LEAGUE

(Continued from first page.)

"our one" was one of the stumbling blocks to American acceptance of the League of Nations covenant.

It is also provided that any state "may withdraw from the court and terminate its obligations under this statute after giving two years notice."

To guard against any possibility of the Monroe doctrine or the American immigration question being brought before the court another article provides:

"The court shall not have jurisdiction to render advisory opinions on any question which affects the admission of members into the United States, or the admission of aliens to the educational institutions of the several states or the territorial integrity of the several states of the United States, or concerning the question of the alleged indebtedness or money obligations of any state of the United States to any question which depends upon or involves the maintenance of the traditional attitude of the United States concerning American questions, commonly described as the Monroe doctrine, or other purely governmental policy or any question which is considered by the government of the United States to be a domestic question."

Recognizes U. S. Authority.

Another restriction in interference with American affairs is contained in this article:

"The court shall be bound by the principle that international law recognises the authority of the laws of the United States within its own jurisdiction as applied to foreigners or to

foreign owned property therein, whether in time of peace or war."

The final article is designed to insure that the United States could not be forced to take cause to the world court. It provides:

"Before a case in which the United States is concerned can be submitted to the court a special agreement must be concluded between the United States and the other parties in interest, defining clearly the manner in which the powers of the court, and the periods for the several stages of procedure and such special agreements on the part of the United States can only be made by the President of the United States by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof."

YEAR WITHOUT FIRE CALL
Spring, Ill., May 8.—(Special)—The Tampico Fire Department has been claiming a state record. In over a year it has not received a call. Tampico has a thousand nomination.

the ideal mouthwash

Zonite used simply as a mouthwash or gargle does three distinct things.

(1) It destroys the breath odors arising from conditions in the mouth and leaves no odor of its own.

(2) It kills the germs responsible for dental pyorrhosis and other gum diseases.

(3) It kills the germs that cause coughs, colds, sore-throat and other more serious respiratory diseases.

Zonite is absolutely non-poisonous. In bottles at your druggist's, fifty cents and one dollar.

Zonite
KILLS GERMS

ARGENTINE LABOR RETURNS TO WORK AS STRIKE ENDS

BUENOS AIRES, May 8.—[United News]—All workers returned to their tasks here today, following the action of the unions in calling off the general

strike against the old age pension law. The strikers believe that they have won the fight, and the government is now to modify the law. The future attitude of the workers will depend on whether or not the government carries out its promise.

Minor strikes still continue in the interior provinces of the republic, but it is believed that these will end shortly.

**Deficit of \$16.70 in Ohio
Campaign of Coolidge**

Marion, O., May 8.—A deficit of \$16.70 is revealed in President Coolidge's pre-primary campaign in Ohio, according to a statement mailed to Secretary of State Thad H. Brown today by Hoke Donithan, the President's Ohio manager. Expenditures were \$9,612.70, with receipts \$9,597.



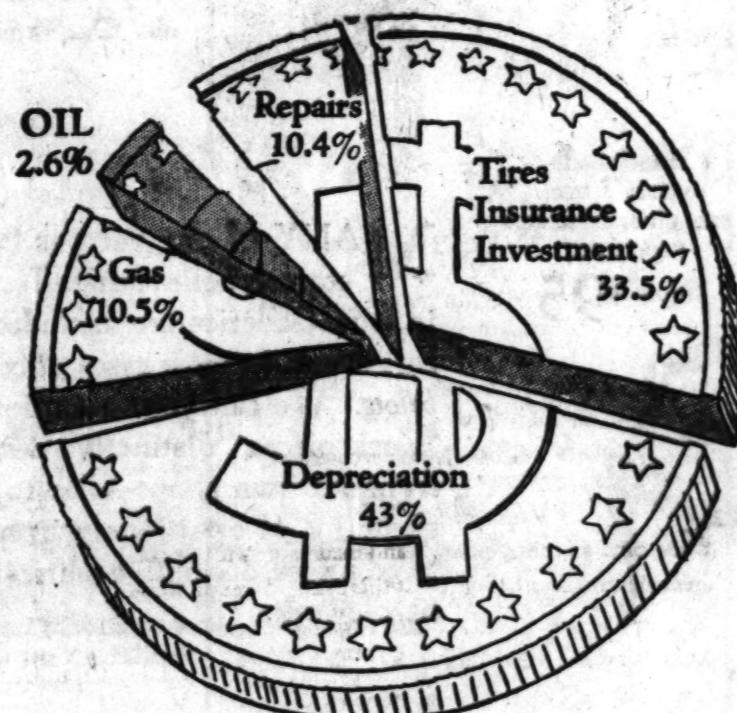
**The
Edwin Clapp
SHOE.**



Where You See This Symbol of Shoe Quality

—you may depend upon it that it represents the best—in design, in materials, in workmanship—that it is possible to put into a shoe. For nearly three-quarters of a century the Edwin Clapp trade mark has stood uncompromisingly for "The Highest Grade Only." Come in and see the new models for Spring on display NOW.

THE EDWIN CLAPP STORES
106 So. Dearborn St.



Here's the Dollar that runs your car

Of every dollar you spend in running your car only about 2.6% goes for lubricating oil. Yet lubricating oil is the chief factor in cutting down depreciation, reducing repair bills, and insuring an economical, quiet-running engine.

YOUR First Line of Defense—Correct Lubrication—should be laid in your own home garage. There is where Gargoyle Mobiloil belongs.

When you have an ample supply of Gargoyle Mobiloil at home in your garage

—you can make sure the oil level is right at the same time that you examine the tires, the gasoline supply, and the water in the radiator. This insures thorough lubrication and a better running engine.

—you have ample oil on hand when the time comes to drain off all old oil from the crank-case and refill with a fresh supply.

—you protect yourself against the danger of having strange or incorrect "quarts" of oil mixed with the Mobiloil in your engine.

In short, you get convenience, economy, and above all, protection for your car through insured Correct Lubrication.

Dealers are now featuring Gargoyle Mobiloil in the larger containers which are suitable for your home oil supply. The 5-gallon can and 15-, 30-, or 55-gallon steel drums (with convenient, leak-proof faucets) are especially suitable.

The placing of such a supply of Mobiloil in your own home garage is the most effective single step you can take to insure the efficiency of your automobile.

**GARGOYLE
MOBIL-OIL**
Make the chart your guide



VACUUM OIL COMPANY



California
Colorado-
Arizona-New
Mexico Rockies
Grand Canyon
National Park

To help plan your
trip ask for folder

"Grand Canyon
Outings, California
Picture Book, Colorado
Summer, Off the Beaten
Path, Old Santa Fe"
Through Pullmans
Fred Harvey meals

low fares
most
everywhere

J. R. Moriarity, Div. Sales Agent, Santa Fe Ry.
175 West Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
Phone: Wabash 4596

Does YOUR Money Buy Promise or Action?

WHEN you go to a doctor, do you go to one who tells you how good he is, or to one who has a reputation for successful practice? When you buy Want Ads, will you buy from a medium which has only its own statement of the value of its service, or from one which is recommended by those it has served?

The Tribune prints several comments from advertisers every morning. Every statement is authentic, and includes the name and address of the advertiser. Let these successful advertisers guide you to the best in Want Advertising.

For example, Miss M. L. Eates, 553 Wellington Ave., used this Tribune Want Ad on April 16:

TO RENT—A ROOM, APT., NICELY FURNISHED, UNTIL SEPT. 1; splendid location, P. O. Well, 2170, Apt. D, 553 Wellington.

"My Want Ad in The Tribune brought me thirty answers," she told our investigator. "I rented the apartment quite early the same morning that my Want Ad was published."

Quick response is only one of the desirable features offered by Tribune Want Ads. Economy, volume of responses—many other advantages of Tribune Want Ads—will reveal themselves when you use these Want Ads. Phone one now for tomorrow's paper.

THE WANT AD STORE
Madison and Dearborn
CENTRAL 0100, Adtaker!

If You Need a Tenant, You Need a Want Ad

PLAN WORLD'S
LARGEST HABITAT
FOR CONVENTION

Plans are under way today
to build the Fine Arts building on
the site of the present one, in the
center of the city. The new building
will be completed in 1926.

The exterior will be restored
and one of the finest in America
will be preserved. The interior
will be reroofed and will be made
into a series of halls which can be
brought together into a large auditorium
able to accommodate 25,000 persons.

Engineers Save the Day

The controversy over the construction of the dome, which is to be
replaced by massive concrete, was settled when Ralph L.

Creppe de C.
Charm

Lovely new Spring display windows find sport daily every hour of the day. Fleurelle, Tulip, of rose and cluded in this

Slim, young variety in the
lings, Rom. The mater
Veloria, black.

Glo
Kayser's
mauve, per pair,

Broken
pretty to

PLAN WORLD'S LARGEST HALL FOR CONVENTIONS

Plans are under way today to convert the Fine Arts building in Jackson park into the largest convention hall, indoor playground, and community center in the United States, if not in the world.

The exterior will be restored and the dome, one of the finest in America, will be retained. The interior will be ripped out and will be made into a series of halls which can be thrown together into a huge auditorium seating 25,000 persons.

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R. Dart, and George Wiesner, structural engineers, reported to Edward J. Kelly, president of the south park commissioners, that several engineering projects were possible for supporting the dome, without obstructing the view. Mr. Kelly then ordered Ernest R. Graham to go ahead with the plans.

The scheme will include recreation rooms, swimming pools, various meeting auditoriums, hall rooms, club rooms, and indoor gymnasiums. The various sections will be divided by partitions which can be removed to convert the building into a single auditorium with the room in the center under the dome. The main building has approximately 350,000 square feet of floor space.

To Be World's Largest.

"This will be one of the largest halls in the world," Mr. Kelly said yesterday after he had conferred with the engineers. "It should attract a half a million people to Chicago annually."

"Big athletic events can be staged in the proposed building. For the dash events a straightaway of more than 150 yards will be available."

In the two wings, each with a floor space of 30,000 square feet, would be art exhibits, art schools and commercial

exhibits of mechanical progress like the Machinery Institute of Paris, Mr. Kelly explained.

In explaining Mr. Graham's objection to the removal of the concrete columns supporting the dome, Mr. Kelly said:

"Mr. Graham evidently misunderstood our intentions to make practically a single room of the interior, and went ahead with plans for leaving the columns and providing halls on either side of them."

"That would have given us a seating capacity of about 12,000."

Consider Plans Feasible.

Leading architects, including Alfred E. Granger, president of the Illinois chapter of the American Institute of Architects, George W. Maher and G. Herrick Hammond, advised Mr. Kelly to go in accord with his plans and they considered the engineering projects feasible.

South sides will have an opportunity to vote on a bond issue of \$5,000,000 June 2, which will include the completion of the widening of Grand boulevard from 35th street to 28th street, as well as the big project.

"Big athletic events can be staged in the proposed building. For the dash events a straightaway of more than 150

TRACTION CHIEFS STICK TO PRICE OF \$143,500,000

Traction heads and interested bankers in their eighth conference with Mayor Dever and his advisers yesterday remained firm in demands for recognition of the 1907 settlement ordinance provision for payment of the company's capital account of \$102,500,000, about \$143,500,000 net, if the city would purchase the surface lines. The price would be cut for cash, it was admitted.

One Alternative Offered.

The only alternative offered by the lines' officials—payment of a price based upon 1924 reproduction costs less depreciation and determined by a trio of engineers mutually agreed upon—will be debated by the mayor

and his aids before the party is resumed next Monday morning.

With all possible allowances for depreciation, it is estimated that a purchase price based on reproduction costs would approximate \$350,000,000. The company, however, offered several United States Supreme court decisions affirming such procedure in other cities' utility squabbles.

Other Certain Redictions.

The conference tentatively have agreed, it was said, that the \$14,000,000 renewal fund, a \$4,000,000 personal injury damage fund, and a \$1,000,000 incidental fund, all held in reserve by the companies, must be deducted from any price finally agreed on. Under such arrangement, should the city abide by the settlement ordinance, the ultimate purchase price would approximate \$143,500,000. It was declared.

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ARNSTEIN LOSES LAST BATTLE TO ESCAPE PRISON

Washington, D. C., May 8.—Jules W. (Nicky) Arnstein accepted defeat today in his long battle to escape a prison term for conspiracy to bring into Washington securities stolen from Wall street messengers.

With Theodore Cohn, Arnstein appeared in court and announced he was ready to begin his sentence of two years, which he had fought through every available court. He was taken temporarily to a Washington jail, where joined Norman J. Bowes, Washington lawyer, and David W. Sullivan and When W. Easterday, convicted with him.

Arnstein wanted to be sent to Atlanta penitentiary instead of Leavenworth, but the court declined.

The legal battles of Arnstein began soon after he murdered himself in New York on May 15, 1920. It required two trials to convict him and the case was bitterly fought through to the Supreme court of the United States.

36 Lots Sold in THE GARDENS

Formerly Uihlein Estate on beautiful LAKE GENEVA

With All Modern Conveniences

Some people have waited years for an opportunity to buy a lot in the exclusive section of Lake Geneva.

Little wonder that this limited subdivision of only 65 lots (formerly the magnificient Uihlein estate) has been selling with record-breaking speed.

If you aspire to own a bit of this wonderland, it will be necessary to act promptly. Even if you are not ready to live here this summer, you must realize that Lake Geneva is the finest of all Chicago's nearby lakes—property here is very hard to buy.

Yet you can buy now, on time, and build whenever you are ready.

CONSIDER THESE FEATURES:

1. Splendid train service. Three concrete roads to Chicago, under construction.

2. Convenient to everything worth while. Yet secluded—away from the crowds.

3. All modern improvements, such as sewage, electricity, telephones, mail delivery.

4. On Lake Geneva, the most exclusive and most beautiful of all Chicago's nearby lakes.

5. Over \$250,000 spent in landscaping, flowers, rare trees, bubbling brooks.

6. Rigid restrictions as to character and nationality.

7. Your lot includes use of private lake park and over 500 feet of shoreline with ample piers and delightful beach.

8. Spring water piped to each lot, below frost line.

9. Swimming, canoeing, rowing, sailing, motor boat racing. All water sports. Golf, tennis and dancing.

10. Fine churches and schools.

11. Almost every known and rare variety of trees and shrubs.

12. Ten-minute walk to public golf course.

5,000 Evergreens—Every Variety

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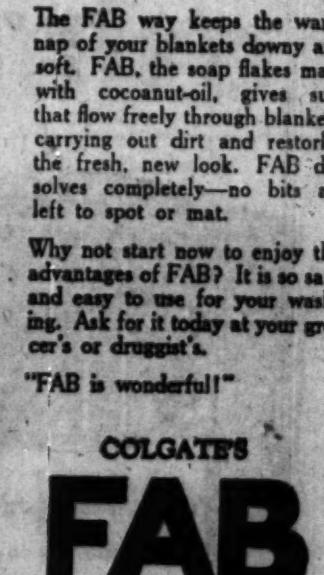
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METHODIST VOTE ADmits WOMEN TO THE MINISTRY

BY THE REV. W. B. NORTON.
Springfield, Mass., May 8.—(Special)—Methodist women registered both victory and defeat today at the Methodist general conference where they battled for recognition as ministers in full standing.

The victory was won when the report of the commission appointed four years ago to consider the matter reported unanimously in favor of granting to women the right of ordination as local preachers, which means one who is licensed to preach while being supported by an annual conference.

Unlimited Rights Denied.

Where the amendment differed defeat was in the tabling of an amendment which was intended to rob out the word "local" and make the women eligible to membership in the annual conference with the right of receiving an appointment at the hands of the bishop and administering a church in all particulars.

Three thousand delegates made up the session. Madeline Southard, Winfield, Kas., president of the International Woman Preachers' organization, created a sensation when she ran down the aisle waving a paper and demanding recognition. Bishop Frank M. Bristol did not at first recognize her, but when mounted the speaker's steps and shook her paper in the face of the bishop until he granted her permission to speak.

The report of the commission ap-

women was made by the Rev. J. M. Gray, pastor of the Elm Park church, Scranton, Pa.

Cites His Objections.

He pointed to the difference in administration between the M. E. and his faiths which admit women to full ordination and also made objection to women's full rights in the ministry based on the question of marriage and the home.

The amendment to grant women the full privileges of the ministry was introduced by Mrs. S. F. Johnson, Pasadena, Cal.

"Most women prefer marriage and a home," said Mrs. Johnson, "but why deny the right to those who do desire to enter the profession." When heretics are recognized in medicine, law and teaching; why does the church lag behind?"

A protest against race discrimination in state or church, as being un-Christian and a hindrance to the church, was made in resolutions introduced by Prof. J. J. Cornelius of Lucknow Christian college, India. His resolution, from June 2 to 7, points out in its report on the year's work that a way has already been found for the Amsterdam and Gomperz organization to work together for the relief of German workers "which we greet with joy."

The details of a combat between the Amsterdam organization and the Red international at Moscow is published in the report, which explains the refusal of Amsterdam to recognize M. Zinovjeff's third international as the

WORLD WORKERS AVER UNION WITH U. S. LABOR NEAR

BY JOHN CLAYTON.

[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]

VIENNA, May 8.—The union of the American Federation of Labor with the International Federation, the second international, with headquarters at Amsterdam, is probable during the coming year, the International Federation declares in a bulletin to be read before the Vienna labor congress made public today.

The international, which meets in Vienna from June 2 to 7, points out in its report on the year's work that a way has already been found for the Amsterdam and Gomperz organization to work together for the relief of German workers "which we greet with joy."

The details of a combat between the Amsterdam organization and the Red international at Moscow is published in the report, which explains the refusal of Amsterdam to recognize M. Zinovjeff's third international as the

real representative of the working classes.

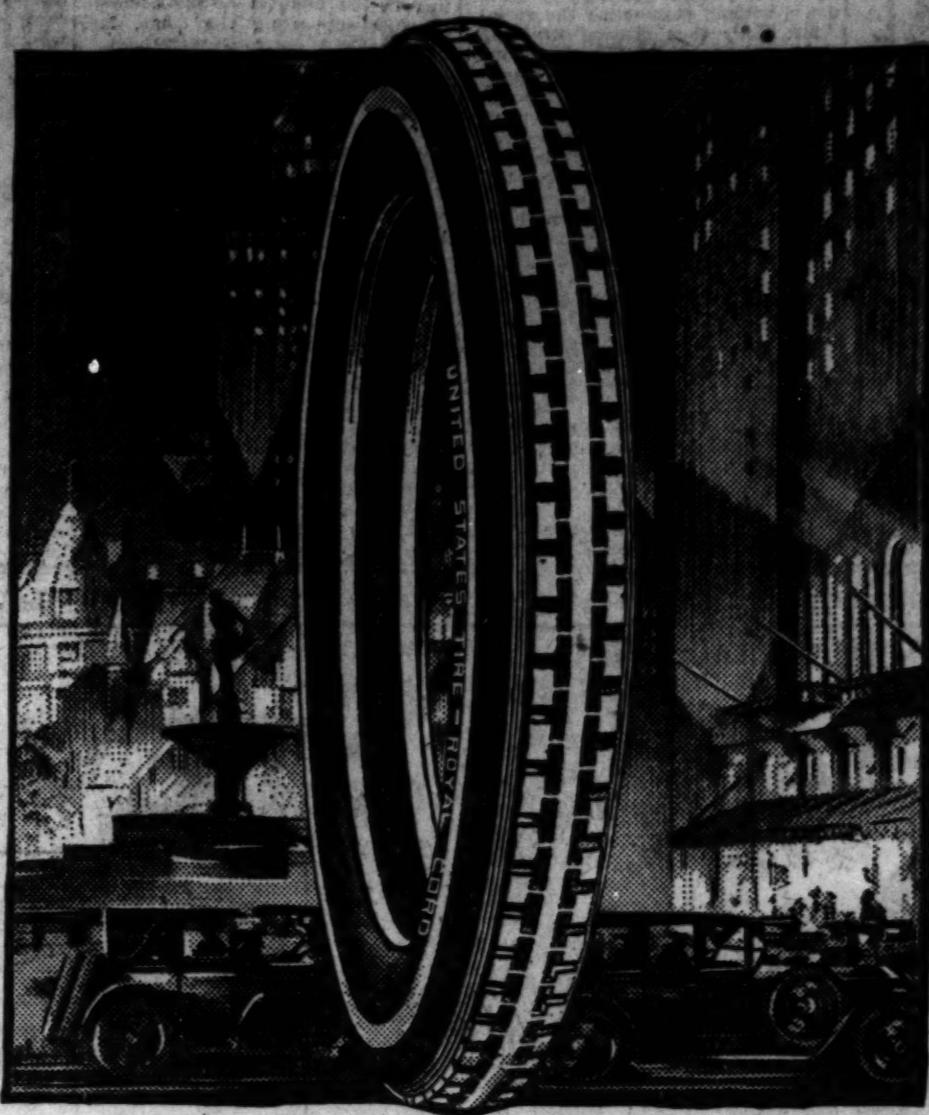
Amsterdam will continue to support the menshevik's fight against bolshevism. This attitude from Amsterdam probably had a great influence in improving the relations between it and the American body.



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UNITED STATES TIRES ARE GOOD TIRES



Any road's a Royal Road on Royal Cords—

WHETHER you are threading your way over wet city pavements or traveling at high speed over a rough country road—there is added security in Royal Cord Tire equipment.

It makes no difference whether they are high-pressure Royal Cords, full Balloons for 20, 21 and 22 inch rims or Royal Cord Balloon-Type Tires that fit present wheels and rims.

Easy steering—positive traction—

U. S. Tires are the only tires in the world
made of cords solutioned in raw rubber latex.

U.S. Royal Cords

anti-skid protection and in addition unusual strength and wearing quality—due to the care in manufacture and the tough elasticity of latex treated cords.

This new patented latex treatment is the big outstanding advance in tire building—a major contribution to better tire service—by the United States Rubber Company.

United States Rubber Company

U. S. Tires are the only tires in the world
made of cords solutioned in raw rubber latex.

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FOR SALE—BEST BUY IN N. EDGE, E. OF Clark, 6 rm. residence; everything up to date, glassed sun porch; a car park, lot 30x125 ft., \$1,100.00. Call 2-1170 Quick. CARLSON, Ravens, 3159 or Sheldrake 5643.

Mr. Carlson, 5931 N. Clark St., uses Tribune Want Ads and gets Tribune results. For example, he reported that the Want Ad shown above resulted in the sale of the house the first day it was published, and secured a dozen prospects.

You want Tribune results on your Want Advertising. You can get them only by the use of Tribune Want Ads. Phone or bring your Want Ad to

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Madison and Dearborn
CENTRAL 0100, Adtaker!

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for each Victor Record you buy brings fresh entertainment. Thousands of selections are listed in the Victor Record catalog and new Victor Records are announced every week. No less than three operatic singers of the highest rank—Ponselle, Fleta and Mardones—are among the recent additions to the unequalled group of Victor artists. The high quality and the variety of the Victor Red Seal repertoire extends to every class of music. The favorite names of grand opera, the concert stage, of vaudeville, in popular music, in the dance world—are Victor names.

Out today New Victor Records

Red Seal Records

Trovatore—Stride la Vampa! Margarete Matzenauer
(Finca Flamenca no Spanish!) (Voces) In Italian

Lucrezia Borgia—Brindisi Margarete Matzenauer
(Drinking Song—It is Better to Laugh) (Quintett) In Italian

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But start them eating Kellogg's Bran cereal with milk or cream, they will like it. Kellogg's Bran is cooked and krumblized. Sprinkle it over other cereals. Cook it with hot cereals. Try it in various muffins, bread, griddle cakes and other recipes given on every package.

Kellogg's Bran, cooked and krumblized, is guaranteed to bring results if eaten regularly, or your money will return your money. It is guaranteed because it is ALL bran! Nothing but ALL bran can be 100 per cent effective. Kellogg's Bran is recommended by doctors everywhere that know first experience that it brings results.

Let our representative show you how. Call at THE RANDOKE building, Austin Blvd. and Randolph Street. The telephone is Oak Park 383.

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Number List Price

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Two of the great contralto numbers in Italian opera—the weird song of the gypsy mother in "Il Trovatore" and the drinking invitation of the infamous "Lucrezia Borgia." A superb record for the operatic section of your library.

Carmen—Fantasio (Bass-Soprano) Violin Solo Erika Morini
Mazurka (Czardas) Violin Solo Erika Morini

Sarasate's dazzling violin-fantaisie on two themes from "Carmen;" and Zarzycki's mazurka, both resembling it and contrasting with it. Recording that faithfully portrays every detail of the violinist's art.

Cradle Song (Italian)
Lullaby (Romantic)

Two very famous lullabies—Brahms' and Cyril Scott's. Both are sung with exquisite expression by a famous artist who has recently joined the great company of Victor artists.

Rosa Pomelle
Rosa Pomelle

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Sylvia Ballet—Picnic Polka (Dances)
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Victor Concert Orchestra 19249 .75

Two orchestral numbers technically issued for educational purposes, but they are admirable concert numbers, nevertheless. Or these records may be used for interpretative dancing.

Two or three of the best records ever issued for educational purposes, but they are admirable concert numbers, nevertheless. Or these records may be used for interpretative dancing.

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IOWANS, WITH OLD DEBTS, HIGH TAXES, BUY CARS

BY ARTHUR EVANS.

Mason City, Ia., May 8.—[Special.]

Pessimism and optimism are well mixed among Iowa farmers and the glooms and the joys are running a nip and tuck race. The 500 mile cross-section of the state from Davenport to Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, and north to Marion, Ottumwa, and Sioux City evidences that agriculture is somewhat better off than a year ago and the distinct and steady improvement is being registered over the period, starting in 1920, when prices went to perdition.

Farmers are doing little buying. Implement dealers report sales are stagnant. Wagons are packed with farm machinery. Old equipment is being repaired. One dealer in Ames

was busy repairing a binder that had seen no less than twenty-five years service, rusty and rickety, but still ready for the summer's work.

Few Tractors Sold.

As to tractors, even fewer are being sold than a year ago. In the business districts of the cities merchants report sales are down since last May.

The filling stations, however, are doing a good business, and many shiny automobiles are seen along the pike, comparatively few of them new.

Bankers along the route have declared that the "solvent farmer" is even better off than before the war, being due in large measure to improvements in credit facilities. Old loans are being liquidated, but most of this does not represent real writing out of the debt book, for most of it seems to be refinancing at lower interest rates.

Farmers Work Harder.

A vast amount of retrenchment has taken place in farm economy. The farmers are working longer hours and harder and are employing as little hired help as possible—anything to squeeze through. The farm owner who had his land when the boom started in 1919 and hung on to the old home-

stead and did not plunge into purchases of more land at fancy figures is sitting pretty.

The man in worse plight is he who owned his farm and then bought additional holdings at topnotch figures, plastering a mortgage on everything. Many stories have been heard on this trip of farmers who loaded themselves down to the gills with land at \$400 to \$500 an acre, thinking that \$2 a acre was here to stay, who have had to let go.

The debt load and the tax load are making them groan, and much of the trouble on the shoulder of agriculture comes from an accumulation of debt that has been growing for the last three or four years. Many bankers have an idea that the worst trouble will come next March, when mortgages of the year will come due.

Still, much of this seems to be in process of adjustment ahead of time.

Want Tax Relief.

And how every one jumps on the bandwagon for tax relief, and upon the railroad for high freight rates, and upon the high rates of insurance things the farmer has to buy!

At Belle Plaine a group of farmers in an implement shop discussed taxes

and prices, and crops and politics, and the status of the world in general.

"Can you blame the farmer for having a grumble?" asked the spokesman. "The value of his acres is down to pre-war values, his products are down, his farm labor is up in a balloon, his transportation charges are almost double on many commodities, everything he buys is up in a slight scale than things he sells. The farmer's idea is that he should be given some sort of protection, just as the industries are protected. That's why they are shouting for price fixing."

"As for me, I'm against price fixing. It isn't worth a tinker's whop."

Michigan's anti-price fixing bill seems to have more supporters among the farmers than antitrustists. One finds merchants, bankers, and stockholders for the bill, even though they prefec their remarks by saying they believe it is unsound in theory. What they say is that it might help to catch things up, and in the shuffle price levels might somehow fall upon a better basis for the farmer. Anything to stir things up.

HILLS AFTER STEPPING ON NAIL.
Blood poisoning which developed after he had stepped on a nail four days ago caused the death yesterday of Anton Stajnka, 60, 1927 West 17th street.

Grades and Mud Yield to— Red Crown

The test of power comes when you are in a tight place—on a sharp grade or in a sea of mud. Then Red Crown shows its worth and proves its parentage.

When you buy Red Crown you buy more than gasoline—you buy the experience, science and knowledge of the Standard Oil Company (Indiana) plus a guarantee of service which holds good until the last drop of Red Crown in your tank is consumed.

Your car starts easier—gets away quicker—it accelerates more smoothly—it develops greater power—greater speed, and greater mileage—with Red Crown in the tank.

You can depend upon Red Crown to give you the utmost of power and mileage at least cost.

You can get Red Crown everywhere in the ten Middle Western states. This efficient service makes carburetor adjustment needless and it is a boon to tourists.

Fill up with Red Crown anywhere and get real power that does not recognize a tight place when you come to it.

**Buy Red Crown at any
Standard Oil Service Station
and at most Garages**

Investigate Our Coupon Book System—it's a Great Convenience. Sold in \$10 and \$25 denominations.

Standard Oil Company, Chicago, Ill.
(Indiana)

3622a



FORCED OUT OF BUILDING

Our retail store that has saved big money on clothes for thousands of men has been leased over our heads. We must vacate—and that means still further for quick, decided selling. Original selling prices have been disregarded. We have not even considered what it cost us to make this apparel.

Suits and Topcoats *In The Greatest Sale of Our Career*

Brand new, freshly made clothes, cut on correct stylish patterns in a variety of patterns and sizes to fit every man and please every taste. Suits and topcoats worthy of the best dressers—and all at ridiculously low prices, simply because we must vacate.

Three Great Value-Smashing Groups

Suits & Topcoats

19.50

worth \$40 at retail

Suits & Topcoats

24.50

worth \$60 at retail

Suits & Topcoats

29.50

Worth \$60 at Retail

Boys' and Young Men's Long Pants Special

Belted back, sport and English model styles. In a wide distinctive range of choice, but not all styles in all sizes. To clear quickly, \$40 values are offered for only . . .

14.50

Buy This Great Business Suit Value—Save Half

Two piece suits made from pure wool worsteds in some of the season's most popular styles—350 suits to choose from, but not every model in all sizes. While these \$45 and \$50 values last,

Alterations Free—Satisfaction Guaranteed

A small deposit will hold any suit or topcoat for as long as 30 days. We'll make all alterations free and guarantee you satisfaction in every respect or your money back.

Bennett-McGuire

Open Daily
8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Saturdays to 9 P. M.
Sundays, 9 A. M. to 12

Wholesale Clothiers
372 W. Jackson Boulevard
BETWEEN MARKET ST. AND THE RIVER
EAST END OF JACKSON BLVD. BRIDGE

Open Daily
8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Saturdays to 9 P. M.
Sundays, 9 A. M. to 12

you

will appreciate
the great differ-
ence that comes
with using
Domino Pow-
dered Sugar on
cereals and fruit.



Strengthen with Domino
Granulated, Tablet, Powdered,
Candy Coated, Brown
Golden Syrup, Cinnamon and Sugar,
Sugar Honey, Molasses.

WM. PENN—Se
A GOOD CIGAR

Advertise in The Tribune

You, Too, Can Sell Your House With Want Ads



There are so many houses sold every day for others, as the result of Tribune Want advertising, that you can no longer afford to delay your adoption of these Want Ads for your own selling problem. Your house can be sold just as readily as these others.

Bacon & Thayer, 700 W. Sixty-ninth St., used this Tribune Want Ad Monday, April 21:

6 ROOM HOUSE, \$4,500.
Frame, hot water heat, alc., 1 car garage.
Bacon & Thayer, 700 W. Sixty-ninth St., used.

"We had a great many calls on this Want Ad," they reported. "It was ordered for a week, but we sold the house the first day the Ad was published."

You can find buyers, too, if you will phone a Want Ad to

THE WANT AD STORE
Madison and Dearborn
CENTRAL 0100, Adtaker!

ADMINISTRATOR GETS WARNING OF LUNDIN MEN

By PARKE BROWN.
Fred Lundin's lieutenants are throwing out strong hints that if George F. Harding doesn't stop encouraging William Hale Thompson in stirring up trouble there will be a new public administrator for Cook county in a short time.

Politically this "fat" state job is charged up to Harding. He doesn't hold the title. Upon Harding's insistence that was given to Gregory T. Van Meter who for years was known as Harding's secretary. But Harding, Thompson, and Van Meter are all to get out of the office of the State and Trust building, the title of the state office appears on the door, and it is popularly believed that Harding supervises Van Meter's work.

Rich in Fees.

From a strictly monetary standpoint this appointment is the biggest one within the governor's power. There are various estimates of what the fees amount to. Some of them run as high as \$50,000 a year, but a conservative estimate is that the average is nearer \$5,000. It has been reported periodically that two of Hardings' south side lieutenants are "taken care of" from this source.

The threats to take this highly profitable post away from the Thompson group is the latest development in the former mayor's battle to oust Lundin as the small vice regent in Chicago. But still step, it is felt among the neutral Republicans, is this following the final break between Thompson and Small whereby the former would withdraw completely from the state election campaign.

It's Just This Way.

Nevertheless it is an established fact that Lundin is working along this new angle. One of the informants of THE TRIBUNE gave some of the reasons for the action as follows:

"Lundin has good reasons for contesting Van Meter and Percy Coffin is busily engaged in preparing the data.

First—Harding was against Small. Coffin is explaining to Small from the figures of the vote cast how Harding failed to deliver the Harding wards to Small.

Second—Harding's contribution to the Small campaign fund was a miserly one. Even Alec Todd gave as much as Harding, and this despite the fact that the public administrator's office is the richest plum in the gift of the governor.

Third—Small needs the office of public administrator to replenish the hard hit campaign funds.

The plan as reported is that after Percy Coffin's trial—if he is acquitted—Coffin will oust Van Meter as public administrator."

N. N. Matthews & Co.

21 E. Madison St.
Between State and Wahash



Swagger Tailored SUITS Alluringly Priced

\$49.75

Fashion Appoints the
Tailored Suit to a Leading
Role This Season

The Tailors are of manly materials and strictly tailored along the masculine lines sponsored by fashion and so well received by the well-dressed women this season. Each has that delicate touch that typifies MATTHEWS offerings.

**The Reigning Versions
of the Vogue**

You will be pleased with the high quality materials, the fine workmanship, and the superb designing. The price is much lower than you would expect for such high standards. One is pictured.

F. N. MATTHEWS & CO.
21 E. Madison St.

Girls' gingham frocks

priced unusually low

The approach of summer brings to the fore the demand for frocks of gingham—so attractive in coloring and so conducive to comfort.



2.25 and 3.25

Smart and youthful, their charm is enhanced by tasteful embroidery and dainty collars, cuffs and pockets.

Sizes 6 to 14 years

Checks and plain colors, in shades of blue, green, pink, red, brown, tan and yellow. These frocks may be worn with equal propriety for school or play.

Fourth floor, State.

Frocks of French voile are very specially featured

**5.75 6 to 14
years**

Winsome models with Porto Rican hand drawn work and embroidery. All the pastel shades and white.

Fourth floor, State.

Girlish leghorn hats, \$5 —for dress or school wear —offered in the Salon pour la Jeunesse.



Hats of captivating simplicity, such as only youth may affect. Demure pokes, saucy upturned brims, and large, becoming mushroom shapes, in color or natural leghorn. All are bewitchingly adorned with perky bows, flying streamers or chenille embroidery.

Fourth floor.

May sale of corsets

Hundreds of corsets and brassieres priced to afford values very much out of the ordinary.



Girdle of pink silk figured broche and pink knitted elastic. Very low top and extremely long skirt. Clasps in front; no back lacing. Sketched at center. 7.50.

Sports girdle for misses and slender women; of pink fabric and elastic. Illustrated at the left. 2.85.

Step-in girdle of pink elastic. Reinforced front and back; lightly boned. Pictured at the right. 7.50.

Extremely long brassiere extending several inches below the topless corset or girdle; of lustrous white or pink satin. 2.95.

Narrow bandeau lustrous of pink silk jersey; lace trimmed; satin ribbon shoulder straps. Pictured on figure at the left. 1.30.

Fourth floor.

Mandel Brothers

The Moderately-Priced-Frock Shop features

1200 frocks of printed and canton crepes —models suitable for all occasions, at one remarkably low price

Favored modes, excellent fabrics and splendid workmanship combine to make this offering the most remarkable of its kind.

Sizes for
women

27.50

Sizes for
misses

In styles delightful and varied are frocks with which to usher in the late spring and early summer. This extensive assortment includes dresses which are appropriate for all daytime and informal functions, and so diversified are the fabrics, hues and modes, that the individual is assured a frock to suit her type and to completely satisfy her requirements.



Fabrics include—

Georgette, flat crepe, roshanara, canton crepe, satin canton, georgette and lace, and printed crepe.

In shades of

green, powder blue, brickdust, tile, cocoa, tan, gray, navy, brown and black, as well as striking combinations of color.

Softening bits of ecru lace, novel white embroidery, buttons, plait and tucks, as well as ribbons—which play a leading role in the fashions for spring—all find repeated and quaint expression.

For the "tailored type" are frocks of utmost simplicity, while the petite madame or mademoiselle will find ruffles, frills and elaborate daintiness to set off her charms to best advantage.

Fourth floor, Webster.

Ultra-vogue coats for misses, 52.50

The graceful, slender coats, so high in favor this season, are offered at an especially low price for this particular selling. The newest fabrics are adorned with soft summer furs, novelty braids or smart tucking.



16-button length

Kayser silk gloves, 1.95

—with guaranteed finger tips and Paris Point backs; in the approved spring shades.

Pongee
Mastic
Mauve

Beige
Black
Beaver

Cocoa
White
French Gray

Fourth floor, State

Misses' correct tailleur

are boyish, severe and chic

Swagger models in hairline stripe or plain twill cloth in black or navy.

Outstanding
values at

39.50

for town wear
for travel

Faultlessly tailored, boasting a manly stock of white pique, or novel braid binding, are suits exceedingly smart and exceptionally low priced.

"Phoenix Week"

Celebrating the making of the three hundred millionth Phoenix hose. Particularly do we want to call your attention to the TIPT-TOE, a new long-mileage feature, almost invisibly woven into the fabric where the stress is greatest.

NEW PRICES

No. 368, Women's silk, full-fashioned, medium weight, 1.95.

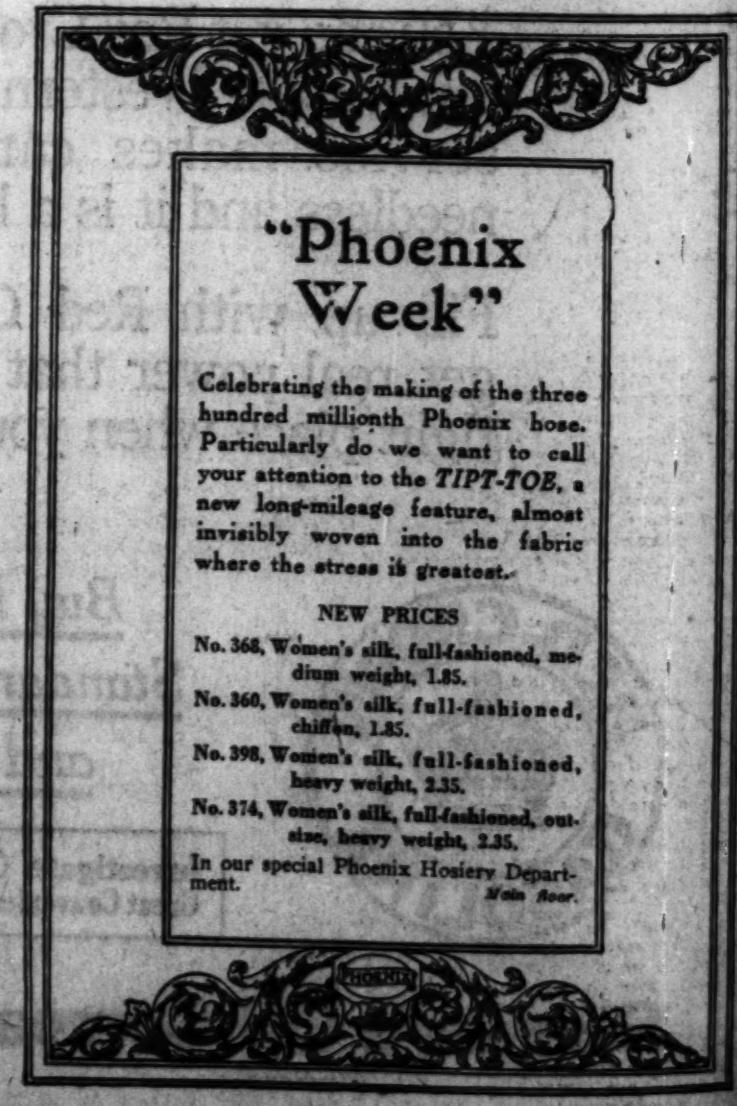
No. 360, Women's silk, full-fashioned, chiffon, 1.45.

No. 358, Women's silk, full-fashioned, heavy weight, 2.25.

No. 374, Women's silk, full-fashioned, outsize, heavy weight, 2.25.

In our special Phoenix Hosiery Department.

Fourth floor.



Men's Fashions

BY A. T. GALLICO.

Purple Note in Neckwear.
NEW YORK.—[Special Correspondent]—In spite of the fact that blue in some shade or other, mostly the smoke blue, is monopolizing the fashion



ion horizon these days, we were struck the other day as we strolled down 5th Avenue by the amount of purple that is stirring in the neckwear of the well dressed man.

Purple is a color that lends itself to harmonizing with a great many possible suits. It is perhaps most attractive with a light gray suit than with any other, although tan and brown and the new smoke blue are excellent backgrounds for a cravat with purple in it.

Here are a few of the color schemes we noted that employed a purple or partly purple: A solid color purple knitted tie with light gray suit and pale gray silk shirt; the hat a pearl

**Tribune Cook Book**

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

A Shrimp Pie.

CHARLESTON, N. C.—[Special Correspondence]—After all, not everybody can be born on the old plantations, rolling in wealth. There were in the south, as elsewhere, old families who even before the war were not wealthy, yet were of high repute for intelligence, and judge that Mrs. Mitchell believed to be one of them. She has been living in her home across the Ashley where her husband, now gone, made a famous garden and where she sometimes took paying guests into her home, and those who evidently appreciated her cooking.

Her shrimp pie always won appetizing testimonies of praise. But first comes the recipe: the measure "plate" needs to be explained. Two plates, cooked and peeled, make about a pint and a half. A government stamp is put on the plates, I am told, in order that there shall be honest measure.

The recipe Mrs. Mitchell gave me was: Two plates of shrimps boiled in

well salted water, to cover, until the shells separate from the shell. Shell or peel the cooked shrimps, and for the filling, add a cupful of cream cheese, a cupful of cracker dust, one tablespoon of butter, pepper and salt if needed, and enough milk to make the cracker the consistency of soft hominy. Add one tablespoon of grated cheese, then add shrimps, and sprinkle with cracker dust. Bake pie in moderate oven until brown. After shelling the shrimp they may be dropped in vinegar for a little while, but you can make the pie without doing this.

Mrs. Mitchell had heard a great deal about operations and the expense connected with them.

One day her mother found a doll that had been used to teach on. She questioned the child and she realized the doctor had operated on the doll.

Mother asked which doctor, and Mar-

ion said, "You know him mother—Dr. Bill."

J. A. J.

Elwood had just been dressed in fresh rompers and sent out on the front porch to wait until mother was ready to go downtown.

Meanwhile he was attracted by a bright bird and chased it across a vacant lot through dust and brambles until he was decidedly rumpfled.

"Mother, it was the loveliest blue."

Bright Sayings of the Children

The Tribune will pay \$1 for each childlike saying printed in any magazine or paper. It is not possible to acknowledge or return unavailable contributions. Please write on one side of the address. Bright sayings to Aunty Bee, Tribune, Chicago.

he began, but mother paid no attention to this information, being chiefly concerned over clothes.

Elwood listened patiently a moment and then said, "Mother, I wish your talk bird 'stead of dirt!" E. R.

What a godsend your gift will be, Mrs. B., to some invalid!

A FRIEND IN NEEDBY SALLY JOY BROWN.
Husband Out of Work.

"I am coming to you for aid, as I have no money to live on. My husband is out of work and I cannot go out myself, as I am expecting a baby in the fall. Won't you please try to help me get some clothes. I wear size 26 dress and size 4 shoes." Mrs. J. A.

Surely some one can spare clothes to help Mrs. J. A.

Three Trusses Offered.

"I have three double rupture trusses which belonged to my father, a civil war veteran, which I shall be glad to give away to some unfortunate if you will find three." Mrs. F. S. J.

If you need a truss, I shall be happy to send your address to Mrs. F. S. J. that you may participate in her generous offer.

Offers Invalid Chair.

"I wonder if some one of your readers could use an invalid's outdoor wheel chair. I have one which I would be pleased to give away to any one who would call for it." Mrs. A. B.

What a godsend your gift will be, Mrs. B., to some invalid!

BEAUTY ANSWERS

BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY.

SKINNY: FIVE FEET SEVEN AND 30 calls for about 148 pounds. But if you are feeling in the pink of perfection, why try to make up the ten pound deficit? You see, in these standard charts latitude is made for difference in weight of bones. Besides, you can fit into the model frocks better minus a few "wuxters." Also, it is agreed by medical men that to be underweight after 30 is more favorable to longevity than to be overweight.

"My Hair Was Quite Gray"

"Only a short time ago my hair was gray and becoming grayer. It was falling out. My scalp itched and dandruff appeared. I stopped the itching and dandruff. My hair soon stopped coming out. Most wonderful of all, however, was the return of my original color. I look ten years younger!"

(A Typical Letter.)
You may nothing for Kolor-Bak if you send \$1.00 to Mrs. Helen Stewart, 218 Oaklawn Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. Mrs. Stewart was formerly Miss Helen, art daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. George Stewart. Her sister, Miss Edna Grahame Stewart, still resides in Chicago at 1238 North State Street.

Tonight and tomorrow night gals in gowns in the window for every girl in the town is planned to attend one of the performances of American Legion musicals of "The Gay Adventures," at the school. June Kuppenheimer, McCallum. Numerous dinner parties given before both performances by the hosts and hostesses, Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Gary Subtil, Mr. and James N. Rawleigh, Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher Marsh, Mr. and Mrs. P. Matthiesen, Mr. and Mrs. D. Richards, and Mr. and Mrs. O. Mercer. Many of the most young women in Winnetka are giving the Legionsales in giving

Advertise in The Tribune

KOLOR-BAK
BANISHES GRAY HAIR
Dealers Everywhere Sell Kolor-Bak With Money-Back Guarantee

Why Have Gray Hair?

Illustration of a woman with gray hair.

Illustration of a woman with dark hair.

LANGLEY TODAY BEGINS DEFENSE IN WHISKY TRIAL

2 Co-defendants Change Pleas to Guilty.

Covington, Ky., May 8.—[By Associated Press.]—Congressman John W. Langley (Rep., Ky.), brought to trial with others for conspiring to defraud the United States government in illegal whisky transactions in 1921, will today begin his defense in federal court here.

United States District Attorney Sawyer A. Smith announced late today the government would rest its case early tomorrow.

Langley, with M. E. Huth, Alliance; Walter E. Carey, Clinton, O.; Albert F. Shater, and Max Lipschutz, both of Philadelphia, were indicted by a federal grand jury here on April 7 and a few days later entered pleas of not guilty.

Two Change Pleas to Guilty.

At the opening of court today Huth and Carey reversed their pleas and entered pleas of guilty, leaving Langley and Lipschutz on trial.

The government has sought to develop its case on testimony of witnesses who admit having been parties to the transactions in 1921.

The evidence against Langley centers on money he is alleged to have received for using his influence in the issuance of illegal permits to removal of whisky from the Bell's of Anderson distillery at Lawrenceburg, Ky., and on a conference he is alleged to have had in Louisville with Federal Prohibition Director Collins of Kentucky, at which he is alleged to have used pleas and threats to get Collins to sign permits.

Elias H. Mortimer, New York and Washington, who testified in support of Langley yesterday, was recalled by the defense for cross-examination, and recited more details of alleged transactions between Langley and whisky men.

Tolls of \$30,000 Deal.

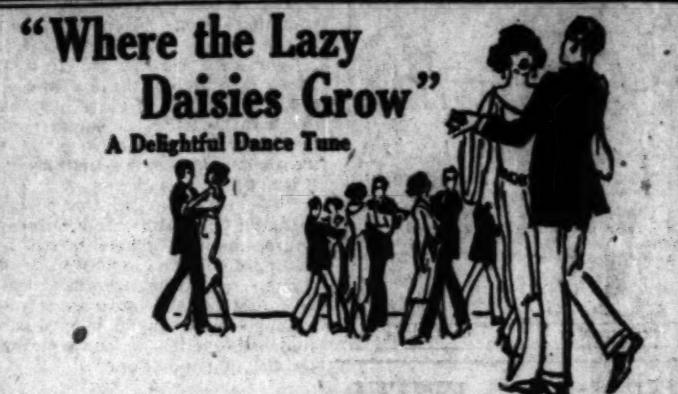
Gus Schwarzkopf, Philadelphia, substantiated testimony by Mortimer and others that Carey, Huth, and Thomas P. O'Neil, all of Ky., had paid \$30,000 for a permit to move 1,400 cases of whisky from the Kentucky distillery to Philadelphia. He testified that the money was paid to Lipschutz in his presence.

He did not connect Langley with the money end of the transaction, except through Mortimer, who, he testified, was the man "who fixed things in Washington" and was associated with Langley.

INDICTMENTS IN ARSON CASE FOR MURDER VOTED

Indictments charging murder by arson were voted against Samuel Moore and Leo Unell, who are alleged to have started the fire in Curran hall, 14th street and Blue Island avenue, in which nine persons lost their lives, by the grand jury yesterday. Samuel Polinsky, associated with the others, was exonerated of blame when the jury refused to vote a true bill for him.

Unell and Moore were owners of the Spokes Goods and Novelty company, which occupied the second floor of the building. Evidence presented to the jury tended to show the men insured their property heavily a short time before the building took blaze.



Here are Four Records you will enjoy

40083	WHERE THE LAZY DAISIES GROW—Foxrot
10 inch	Harold Leonard and His Red Jackets
75c	LINEMAN BILLES—Foxrot
	Harold Leonard and His Red Jackets
40084	10 INCH IT HAD TO BE YOU—Foxrot
75c	INNOCENT EYES—Foxrot
	The Latin Orchestra
40072	NOBODY'S SWEETHEART—WHY DID I KISS THAT GIRL
10 inch	Foxrot
75c	Okeh Syncopators
3084	WHEN SPRING COMES—Orchestra (Odeon Label)
	Mack Weber and His Orchestra
	WOMEN ARE WONDERFUL BEINGS—Orchestra (Odeon Label)
12 inch	Mack Weber and His Orchestra
\$1.25	

Ask Your Nearest Dealer for These Records

HENDERSON, KY.—Henderson Shoe Co., 22 E. Henderson St.
220 S. Main St.
Tel. 2222. HENDERSON, KY.—Henderson Shoe Co., 22 W. Monroe St.
Guitar & Kicker
2815 Lincoln Ave.
GETTYSBURG, PA.—Gettysburg Shoe Co., 734 N. State St.
Greenbrier, W. Va.—Greenbrier Shoe Co., 1602 White Ave.
OCEAN CITY, MD.—Thomas Music House, 2000 Ocean City Ave.
Walter's Music Shop, 2000 Ocean City Ave.
NORTHWEST SIDE—Chicago Store, 4255 Lawrence Ave.

Okeh ODEON RECORDS

General Phonograph Corp.
25 W. 45th St., New York City

Okeh Records bring you the world's best music. They are the European artists of international fame. These imported recordings are the favorites of the American music-lovers. Okeh Records for Europe, sell songs and dances, and Okeh Records for dancing, bring hits and old-time pieces—an unbeatable combination.

When Company Comes

—hospitality is best displayed by serving the right kind of food—and what could be nicer—more enjoyable than Calumet Tea Biscuits? Raised high and light-baked to just the right crispness.

Whether it's company or "just the family"—whether it's biscuits, pies, cakes or muffins, palatable and wholesome foods can always be economically assured when Calumet is used.

The last spoonful is as good as the first.

Remember the name—

CALUMET

The Economy BAKING POWDER



EVERY INGREDIENT USED OFFICIALLY APPROVED BY U. S. FOOD AUTHORITY
Sales 2 1/2 Times as Much as That of Any Other Brand

THE WORLD'S GREATEST BAKING POWDER

RESORTS AND HOTELS

ARE YOU GOING TO
VACATION
Write for folders of our 10 trips.
The Powers Tours
Dept. 100, 120 N. Michigan

RESORTS AND HOTELS

Phalen's Cottages, Ft. Fox Lake, Ill.—For lake and land cottages for housekeeping. Electric lights, screened porches. Write to M. PHALEN.

RESORTS AND HOTELS

OREGON
FORT LEEK, ILL.—For lake and land cottages for housekeeping. Electric lights, screened porches. Write to M. PHALEN.

Shirley-Savoy—Denver, Colo.—Colorado's largest hotel. Incomparable location. Complete modern equipment. Information and folder on request.

BOULDER, COLORADO—Offers recreational, climatic and educational trips for tourists. Write to Colorado Chamber of Commerce, Colorado Springs, Colo.

"ON Wisconsin, the Land of Lakes" 212-35 South Dearborn Street, Chicago.

212-35 South Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Ramsey 1550.

RESORTS AND HOTELS

PHALEN'S COTTAGES, FT. FOX LAKE, ILL.—For lake and land cottages for housekeeping. Electric lights, screened porches. Write to M. PHALEN.

RESORTS AND HOTELS

OREGON
FORT LEEK, ILL.—For lake and land cottages for housekeeping. Electric lights, screened porches. Write to M. PHALEN.

SHIRLEY-SAVOY—Denver, Colo.—

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212-35 South Dearborn Street, Chicago.

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WILD SCRAMBLE ON FOR JOCKEYS FOR DERBY STARS

ST. JAMES OUT; LAME

(Picture on back page.)

NEW YORK, May 8.—The racing for the annual spring classics was further complicated today when St. James, George D. Widener's renowned colt, pulled up lame after a workout at Jamaica, and was withdrawn by Trainer Jack Joyner from the Preakness and Kentucky Derby, two \$50,000 races in which he was among the favorites. St. James will now be working out a mile and a eighth.

His accident followed a series of setbacks within the last few days to Derby and Preakness eligible. The loss of St. James and Saranac crack, as the outstanding favorite for the Derby, but there were reports that this colt was not in the best of condition, following failure to start him at Pimlico yesterday.

BY FRENCH LANE.
Louisville, Ky., May 8.—[Special.] The Wake Derby Special. At 12 o'clock noon, the Wake roaster Derby special arrived here shortly before 8 p.m., and its occupants decided to park for the night rather than push on to Terre Haute, at great speed.

This decision, no doubt, will prove a great disappointment to citizens of Terre Haute and Brazil, birthplace of the conductor of the Wake, who had intended to hold a welcoming reception instead of fire crackers and speeches for the bunch of tourists tomorrow lunch at Brazil on soda crackers and peaches.

It was the opinion of the Wake tourists that if Gov. Bradle was reflected because of his good roads, he did not get many votes in the territory between Waukesha and Danville, else it would have raised them for weeks before election.

Pulling off the single strip of hard roadway to allow room for a popular special car made in Detroit to pass, the special became enmeshed in a yielding side bank. There it remained until pulled out by four humanitarians in a passing truck.

Harvey Up on Chilhowee.
B. Harvey will ride Chilhowee, another Kentucky horse owned by Galler Brothers, John Galler said today. Chilhowee, who has been working as fast as any horse in Kentucky, will be a starter in the Clark handicap Saturday, Mr. Galler announced.

J. D. Mooney, in demand by several owners, has agreed to ride Black Gold. He was up on Black Gold in the victory of the colt scored in the Louisville Derby.

While it is generally believed here that Mack Garner will pilot, Wise Counsellor, there is a chance that he will ride one of Pete Coyne's candidates, either Bourbon Boy or King Gorin II. Should this be the case, Trained Ward will seek an eastern boy, probably C. Robinson or C. Lang, it is believed.

Other western owners of Derby eligibles were sparring for riders today. The better class western boys that have not signed for Derby engagements include Earl and Willie Pool, Jimmy Wallace, D. Jones, Eddie Marlin, and B. Kennedy.

Star Riders from East.
From the east will come the peer riders of the section, headed by Earl Sande, and Laverne Fator, the Hannover stars. Other eastern stables have contracted the following riders:

Mr. Payne—Whitney—Ivan Park and Frankie Colletti.
Harry Payne—Whitney—L. McAllister and Johnny Corcoran.
George Parker—Arthur Johnson.
Oak Ridge Stable—John Callahan and Tommy McGrath.
G. W. Cochran—W. Hastings.
J. S. Conroy—C. Morris.
Burke—Jack Kermeen.
E. R. McLean—N. Huff.

A Pacific coast rider, George Ellis, will travel east to ride the dark horse, Cannon Shot. He is scheduled to arrive Sunday night.

Churchill Downs and Douglas Park were rolling around today, and of all the Derby candidates quartered here Cannon Shot was the only one brought out for a workout, doing seven-eighths in the heavy muck at Douglas Park in 2:31. While the time was not fast, the gallop convinced the clockers that he can go in the mud.

B. E. McLean, Washington publisher, reserved stalls today for sixteen days. Among them will be two Derby candidates. Modest looks to his right hope.

In Memoriam May Be Through.
In Memoriam, winner of the Illinois Derby at Hawthorne last July, may never race again, his trainer, Bob Gilmore, announced here tonight.

Trained to almost perfect condition a week ago, the great Kentucky 4 year old, which was expected to be one of the American foes in a series of races

NATION-WIDE SEARCH FOR SKEEZIX ON!

NEW ORLEANS, La.: It was reported here today that Mme. Octave was seen driving south on St. Charles St. She was in a taxicab, not the missing gray town car.

BUFFALO, N.Y.: A man claiming to be a former roommate stated he saw Lukey, the chauffeur of Mme. Octave's car at the time of her disappearance in a hotel lobby here yesterday.

ANYWAY IN THIS DIFFICULTY I AM FINDING OUT THAT I HAVE FRIENDS HERE'S A MAN WHO HAS A GARAGE ON THE LINCOLN HIGHWAY, HE WIRES THAT HE WATCHES ALL CARS THAT PASS TO SEE IF HE CAN CATCH A GLIMPSE OF SKEEZIX OR MME. OCTAVE.

HERE'S ANOTHER FROM A MOTOR COP IN PORT WORTH, TEXAS. HE CHASED A BIG GRAY LIMOUSINE TWO MILES THINKING IT WAS MME. OCTAVE AND THREE TROOPS OF BOY SCOUTS IN MICHIGAN ARE ON THE LOOKOUT TOO.

WALT, IF I CAN DO YOU ANY GOOD LET ME KNOW. I'LL GO ANYWHERE IN THE COUNTRY FOR YOU AND PAY MY OWN EXPENSES.

AVERY, YOU'RE A PRINCE, OFFERS LIKE THAT MAKE ME FEEL I'M GOING TO GET SKEEZIX BACK.

KEEP YOUR WEATHER EYE OPEN. ANY INFORMATION REGARDING THE WHEREABOUTS OF SKEEZIX, MME. OCTAVE, THE CHAUFFEUR OR THE BIG GRAY CAR WILL BE HEARTILY APPRECIATED BY WALT.

Walt

Hines

In the Wake of the News

THE WAKE DERBY SPECIAL.

DANVILLE, Ill., May 8.—[Special.] Leaving Tribune here at 12 o'clock noon, the Wake roaster Derby special arrived here shortly before 8 p.m., and its occupants decided to park for the night rather than push on to Terre Haute.

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IDEALS.
The hand of a poet's soul
Flew alone in his manly frame,
Like a dove afraid of a frowning owl
His anxiety took the blame.

Each hour of life was passing by.
Unheeding his every aim,

Deuces Wild.
Long ago, I gave up Deuces Wild and am hard at Social Pinocchio. (So it seems to me.) But, O Harry, the hand of the Devil is on me. I give five and six kings and even four bullets. It brings tears to my eyes and then F. H. hollers about how dumb I play. Yours with great esteem for Deuces Wild and tame. Elsie F.

* * *

Our heart goes out to Helper Elsie F.

That's the way with all our killings at the races—they're mind benders. When the ponies do not run so kindly.

* * *

Another Card Player.

In days gone by, when sitting behind five cards was my favorite diversion, I had a friend who in skinning down a straight to rake in the pot would proclaim jubilantly, "From here to yander."

J. N. B.

This Wake Is Conducted by Harry T. Woodruff. Help! Help!

Help! Ace King tells of a man, trouble by insomnia, who had his wife tattooed so when he couldn't sleep he could look at the pictures. He was now paged by "Who's Who's."

* * *

Hope Springs Eternal.

Dear Wake: A crowd of regular race track players were returning to Cincinnati from Latonia grad, former football player, hanging

onto the bars. When I asked what he had done, they replied grimly, "Thirty days for raking up the wife." That old Ames fighting spirit! It just can't be kept down!

* * *

Dumbbell Pomes.

I had to get out and walk last night, I went riding in Freddie's machine. But he got out and walked with me. We are out of gasoline.

* * *

Encyclopedia Americana.

Flattery—Hearing from some one else the things you think about your self.

* * *

Do You Remember Way Back When?

If you walked by a house with a contagious disease sign on it, you feared you would get that disease?—F. M. S. Laporte, Ind.

* * *

Spur Tie

Ask a Friend

in the cigar trade his frank opinion of the San Felice at 8c (2 for 15c).

Your first puff will show you why experienced cigar men frankly concede the merits of San Felice.

Note the fragrant aroma, the rich mildness of the unique San Felice flavor, so mellow, so smooth. Note the deliciously cool taste, the even-burning ash, the easy draw.

Try a San Felice cigar today and find out about that peculiarly rich, mild, unique flavor.

Where's Oak Bluffs?

Ask the Board of Trade

Oak Bluffs, Mass.

Hotel Wedgewood

Woodlawn Ave. at 64th St. Conveniently located to all means of transportation.

SHERWIN HOTEL

SHERWIN AVE. AT 64TH ST. Conveniently located by lake shores. Most popular hotel in North Shore. Phone Sherrill 8-3000.

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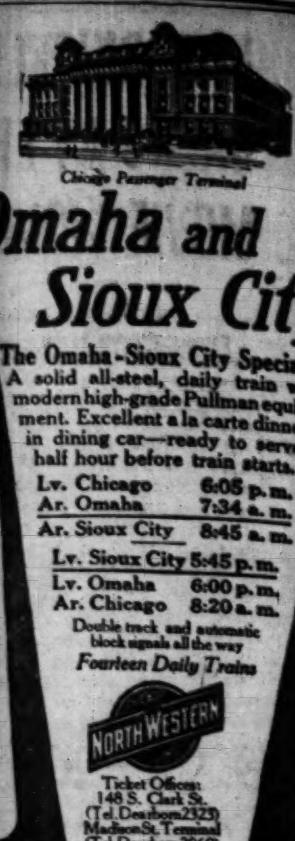
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SHERWIN HOTEL

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U. S. RUGBY TEAM BALKS AT FRENCH MOVIE MONOPOLY

BY DON SKENE.

(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

[Copyright: 1924, by The Chicago Tribune.]
PARIS, May 8.—The American Rugby team tonight threatened to withdraw from the Olympic games unless American movie men and photographers were allowed to take closeup action pictures of the game between America and Roumania in Colombe stadium Sunday, in opposition to the French Olympic picture ban.

"We refuse to go on the field unless American camera men are allowed to take movies of the game for educational purposes in America," said Goodman, coach of the American team, declared.

For Freedom of Press.
We are willing to forfeit our chances to win the Olympic championship in order to fight for the principle of freedom of the press and photographers against the obviously unfair protesting French film monopoly."

The French Olympic committee is apparently scared of the Americans' threat, which would completely ruin their big Sunday crowds and give the Olympic a black eye.

Goodman, tonight suggested to Goodman, who entered the dressing room and ransacked the Americans' clothes while they were practicing for their first Olympic games match at Colombe stadium Saturday.

The American team supposed to guard the clothing during practice was asleep at the switch.

Cunningham was the heaviest loser, missing 3,500 francs (\$80) and jewelry this afternoon by an unidentified thief, who entered the dressing room and ransacked the Americans' clothes while they were practicing for their first Olympic games match at Colombe stadium Saturday.

The American Rugby players were robbed of more than 20,000 francs (about \$3,500) in cash, watches and jewelry this afternoon by an unidentified thief, who entered the dressing room and ransacked the Americans' clothes while they were practicing for their first Olympic games match at Colombe stadium Saturday.

French Thieves Too Friendly.

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Harrowd Untamed.

Champaign, Ill., May 8.—Undaunted by reports that his form of jumping may be questioned in the Olympic games, Harold (Bob) Osborne, former University of Illinois high jump record holder, the world's indoor record in the event, will try for the world's outdoor record in a special meet at the Illinois interscholastic meet Saturday, May 17.

Osborne will meet Russell Smith,

also a former Illinois jumper. Osborne has exceeded the world's indoor record in exhibition jumps.

The Western Style.

His style of jumping has not been recognized in the United States so far.

Coach Harry Gill of Illinois said Osborne had competed unquestioned in the western conference and the Pennsylvania games.

Gill recalled that Beeson's world record of 6 feet 7 1/2 inches was made in the same form called the western style.

Mental and physical exhaustion continues to visit the combatants. George Tannehill of Chicago, Illinois champion, who was eliminated from the national checkers tournament today when defeated by Alfred Jordan of Kansas City.

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STOCKS CONTINUE TO SWING UP AND DOWN AIMLESSLY

YESTERDAY'S AVERAGES

New York, May 8.—[Special.]—On the stock exchange nothing happened today to break the deadlock of financial apathy. There were advances and declines, but in few stocks did the day's changes in either direction run beyond unimportant fractions and the total transactions made up one of the two or three smallest days of 1924.

The market again could be described only as one in which favorable and unfavorable influences are considered by the financial community to be so nearly balanced and to have been alternately fully "dislodged" as to leave little for the moment an ascertainable. The outstanding feature was the continued strength of the railroad stocks in face of further reactionary tendency among the industrial stocks. Petroleum stocks were again lower.

France Attracted Interest.

The interest which did not attach to the day's stock market was strongly attracted by the movement of the franc. The price, which had reached \$5.60 on Tuesday and fallen to \$5.50 on Wednesday, continued its reactionary course until it temporarily \$5.10, going above \$5.15 to \$5.16 for the first time in nearly a month.

It recovered quickly from the low figure of the day, getting back momentarily to \$5.10 and ending at \$5.16, but the general tendency of the market seemed unmistakable. It was again observed that the extreme price was reached on Wall street after Europe's closing, the final European price having been in the neighborhood of \$5.00.

Some Apparent Causes.

A variety of causes are apparent to be assigned in a market so singularly placed between the two extremes of strength and weakness. One factor is the influence of the new labor deadlock in the Ruhr, threatening Germany's contractual deliveries, was cited as the explanation. In an unfevered market this incident would have been reflected normally by a decline. But it is difficult not to associate so abrupt a decline with the purpose of the Bank of France to have the franc's value reach an annual average of \$5.00.

The Bank of France weekly statement reported 200,000,000 francs repaid by the treasury from its borrowings of 200,000,000 in the preceding "monthly settlement week," while note circulation was reduced \$1,300,000 francs after the previous week's increase of 180,700,000.

LONDON WOOL AUCTION.

LONDON, May 8.—(Special.)—11,227 bales offered at the wool auction to-day. Fine wools were steady, while others were slow and irregular. Price of Good Hope and Natal wools were mostly withdrawn owing to the high prices asked.

NEW-YORK CURB TRANSACTIONS

Thursday, May 8, 1924.

Days taken to pay 300,100

Bonds, net value \$461,000

INDUSTRIALS.

Am G & E new 100 11% 11% 11%

Am Raw S. S. 200 11% 11% 11%

Am L. & T. 100 12% 12% 12%

Am C. & P. 100 12% 12% 12%

Am Cynamid Co. 20 10% 10% 10%

Borden's C. Milk 150 12% 12% 12%

B. & T. Corp 100 12% 12% 12%

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PROPOSED TAX ON PROFITS CALLED AID TO WEALTHY

BY SCRUTATOR.

The senate proposal to levy a graduated tax up to 40 per cent on the distributed profits of corporations, intended to be used for reinvestment in productive undertakings, ought to be entitled an amendment to increase the cost of living, to deprive the American family of new conveniences and luxuries, to increase the laboriousness of the housewife's calling, to create a rigid caste of rich, to perpetuate "trusts," and to increase bonded debt and interest charges.

It strikes at the industrial principles and practices that have made American civilization distinctive. It creates a condition which if it had prevailed in the past would probably have retarded in the luxury class some of the most advanced machines, photographs, vacuum cleaners, radio sets, etc. Under such a tax system the automobile in America would be what it is everywhere else, a rich man's plaything.

A graduated tax on corporate surpluses will not affect the corporations engaged in any industry so much as those starting out to make a new article or to make an old product in a new and better way. The big corporation has credit. It can borrow money for needed extensions and make the consumer pay the interest.

The tax on surplus in a measure protects it from the coming of additional young concerns which have such resources and must finance themselves.

This of course tends to concentrate wealth and to crystallize caste—exalt money and credit and to discount brains and daring.

The invention, production and introduction of new things to make life easier for the masses of the people, who cannot command costly personal service or costly forms of mechanical service, have in most cases depended upon the ability of the pioneer producer to plow back into his plant and sales organization the extra large profits only possible in the early stages of such an industry, when the product is a luxury and can command a luxury price.

Such profits have in America almost invariably been used to create more plant, to enhance efficiency, to enlarge production, to lower prices, and to create more general demand.

Nearly every pioneer producer of a new article or process has had to operate alone, and he has always been convinced of the merit of his product and the potential demand for it, but the cases in which he has been able to convince the masters of credit are so rare as to be almost negligible. The history of nearly all such enterprises is that some personal friend or little group of men and women of meager means have been the only ones who could be persuaded to get in on the ground floor, and such businesses have been built upon reinvested profits.

Even now auxiliary improvements, of articles or processes controlled by big corporations which first occupied the main field often fall of adoption or live on the shelf.

Senate radicals now propose to increase the inertia which any new enterprise must overcome by adding a penalty.

Any graduated system of taxation which touches income, even that destined for consumption, has a penalizing effect upon enterprise, but to apply such a system to funds which are accumulated for productive purposes is to attack the foundations of the American standard of living.

At the risk of useless repetition of what has been said several times in this column, the economic proposals of the present crop of "progressives" can help only one class of men—that is the so-called masters of "finance capital," against whom "progressives" rage. If we are traveling toward a credit oligarchy in this country it is not financiers and bankers who are responsible, but their professional baiters.

The financiers do not seem to desire either the power or the responsibility that is being thrust upon them by such legislation.

CORPORATION EARNINGS

UNIVERSITY TURPENTINE. Net profits were \$841,920 after expense and depreciation, but before federal tax for the year ended April 30, 1923, on \$10,470,000 common stock, against \$842,389, or 29¢ a share, par \$100, for the year ended April 30, 1922.

WELLS FARGO. Net income was \$550,377 for the year ended April 30, 1923, a share on \$11,088,700, per \$350, current assets against net income of \$1,281,286, or 34¢ a share on \$100,000 common stock outstanding in 1922.

SOUTHWESTERN POWER AND LIGHT. Gross earnings for the twelve months ended March 31, 1923, compared with \$1,290,367 in the preceding year. Earnings after federal taxes, compared with a net income of \$108,014, equal to \$1.08 a share on the 100,000 shares of no par stock, for the corresponding quarter last year.

MOTHER LODE COALITION MINE. For the year ended Dec. 31, 1923, deficit was \$76,613 after taxes, depreciation deducted and net profit of \$1,000.

CHARLES F. NOLAN OIL ANGUS. Net operating profits for the first quarter are \$10,000, or 25¢ a share.

SHATTUCK-ARIZONA COPPER. For the quarter ended March 31, 1924, net earnings were \$78,002, after taxes, but before depreciation, depletion and deferred development; arose was \$627,926.

For the quarter ended March 31, 1924 the company reports a net loss of \$10,684 after taxes, depreciation, depletion and before federal taxes, compared with a net income of \$108,014, equal to \$1.08 a share on the 100,000 shares of no par stock, for the corresponding quarter last year.

NOTICE. PROPOSALS FOR RECLAMATION OF PARK LAND BY DREDGING LEVI CARTER LAKE.

Sealed proposals are invited and will be received by the City Clerk of the City of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, for the dredging and reclamation of park ground at Levi Carter Lake, located in the city of Milwaukee, and mark as per plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Engineer, copies of which will be supplied on request.

To machine public land and private ground surrounding Levi Carter Lake, an area of approximately 1,000,000 square feet, and to reclaim the same as park ground at Levi Carter Lake, located in the city of Milwaukee, and mark as per plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Engineer, copies of which will be supplied on request.

Proposed bids must be sealed, marked "Proposed for Reclamation of Park Land by Dredging Levi Carter Lake," and addressed to James P. Foster, City Clerk, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and must be filed on or before May 13, 1924, at 10 o'clock a.m., and the same will be opened and read at that time. The contract will be entered into, should award be given, by a certified check in the sum of \$2,000, made payable to the City of Milwaukee.

The Council reserves the right to reject any proposal.

Published in accordance with Resolution No. 5417, Series 1924.

JAMES P. FOSTER,
City Clerk.

Government Crop Report for May

The crop reporting board of the United States department of agriculture makes the following forecasts and estimates from reports of correspondents and field statisticians. The final outcome of the crop may be larger or smaller than the amount given above according as conditions developing during the remainder of the season prove more or less favorable to the crop than in an average year. Details for winter wheat states follow:

-Acreage 1924.		Condition May 1.		Harvested		Farm price		April 15.	
Pct.	Acre	Pct.	Condition	1923	1923	1923	1923	1923	1923
New York	3.8	366,000	82	84	89	690,300	7,885,000	110	130
Pennsylvania	4.0	71,000	80	84	88	1,079,000	2,040,000	110	130
Delaware	5.0	99,000	88	87	87	1,481,000	1,908,000	110	135
Maryland	5.5	475,000	88	87	87	1,428,000	1,840,000	110	135
Virginia	5.5	1,000,000	75	79	80	2,077,000	2,145,000	110	135
West Virginia	10.0	193,000	75	79	80	3,091,000	2,964,000	110	134
No. Carolina	2.0	507,000	87	88	89	1,024,000	1,024,000	120	140
South Carolina	1.5	149,000	87	88	89	295,000	295,000	120	140
Georgia	4.2	81,000	73	82	84	692,000	1,760,000	120	140
Ohio	12.0	2,312,000	75	84	84	3,743,000	7,688,000	112	131
Tennessee	14.0	319,000	74	88	87	2,620,000	4,508,000	120	134
Alabama	5.0	2,000	83	84	86	28,000	34,000	120	134
Mississippi	5.0	2,000	83	84	86	28,000	30,000	120	134
Texas	5.0	2,132,000	80	84	87	18,287,000	18,287,000	106	112
Iowa	2.5	380,000	91	88	88	12,708,000	81	101	119
Nebraska	2.0	2,000	87	88	88	2,000,000	2,000,000	120	140
South Dakota	10.7	80,000	87	76	87	1,204,000	924,000	90	96
North Dakota	2.0	2,008,000	83	87	85	40,658,000	28,250,000	88	102
Wyoming	9.0	94,000	93	93	93	1,024,000	1,024,000	120	140
Arkansas	5.0	2,000	83	84	86	2,000	2,000	120	134
Louisiana	5.0	2,000	83	84	86	2,000	2,000	120	134
Oklahoma	4.5	1,375,000	94	85	88	27,142,000	12,720,000	82	100
New Mexico	10.0	110,000	93	82	83	446,000	446,000	110	130
Utah	2.0	149,000	93	94	94	1,759,000	1,759,000	120	140
Nevada	2.0	30,000	95	95	95	70,000	70,000	125	142
Washington	18.0	1,273,000	83	88	90	28,640,000	37,615,000	82	106
Oregon	1.0	887,000	93	95	95	19,755,000	21,755,000	84	112
California	5.0	316,000	64	85	84	4,250,000	18,187,000	111	119
U. S. totals	7.6	56,898,000	84.8	80.1	86.3	5,533,013,000	57,340,000	93.8	108.4

WINTER WHEAT 553 MILLION BU; 19 MILLION SHORT

A winter wheat crop of 553,000,000 bu, or 7,000,000 bu less than indicated by previous estimates, was suggested by the government May report, given to the trade yesterday. It showed 4,000,000 bu in excess of the April figures, 19,000,000 bu less than in May last year, and 19,000,000 bu short of the harvest of 1923.

A acreage of winter wheat remaining for harvest in 1923, 558,000,000, the smallest since 1913, when it was 33,618,000 acres. The 1910-14 average was 32,653,000 acres. There was a loss of 2,025,000 acres or 7.6 per cent from the 1910-14 average. This year's harvested acreage was 59,000,000, an average acreage harvested during the last ten years was 32,222,000 acres, and the average abandonment 10.5 per cent.

Illinois Condition Low.

Condition of rye was estimated at 61,750,000 bu, compared with 60,000,000 bu less than indicated by previous estimates, given to the trade yesterday. It showed 4,000,000 bu in excess of the April figures, 19,000,000 bu less than in May last year, and 19,000,000 bu short of the harvest of 1923.

A acreage of winter wheat remaining for harvest in 1923, 558,000,000, the smallest since 1913, when it was 33,618,000 acres. The 1910-14 average was 32,653,000 acres. There was a loss of 2,025,000 acres or 7.6 per cent from the 1910-14 average. This year's harvested acreage was 59,000,000, an average acreage harvested during the last ten years was 32,222,000 acres, and the average abandonment 10.5 per cent.

Wells Sainte Claire, Inc., Shows Profit for 1924 Negotiated by Sweden

A \$10,000,000 loan to Sweden, placed privately, and negotiations for a \$9,000,000 loan to Argentina, were reported by the International Acceptance Bank, Inc., and Denmark.

Negotiations for the Argentine loan, it was stated, have not yet reached a stage where anything definite can be said. A report from London indicated that Argentina might receive a loan of \$10,000,000 tons.

The Swiss feature of the report is that Kansas, Oklahoma and Nebraska have 125,000,000 bu, or 76,000,000 bu more than last year. Kansas alone has 124,000,000 bu, or 54,000,000 bu less than last year.

The big Oneida State feature of the report is that Kansas, Oklahoma and Nebraska have 125,000,000 bu, or 76,000,000 bu more than last year. Kansas alone has 124,000,000 bu, or 54,000,000 bu less than last year.

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The big Oneida State feature of the report is that Kansas, Oklahoma and Nebraska

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESMEN.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALES MEN.

DOES \$10,000 A YEAR
INTEREST YOU?Do you believe that
you are the kind of
salesman who could
earn that in commissions,
selling a thoroughly sound,
high grade proposition to
exclusives only?Our men are now
earning from \$7,500 to
\$15,000 a year. They
travel state territory on
strictly commission
basis.We invite applications
from men between 30
and 40 only, who can
show consistent earn-
ings of \$6,000 a year and
better. Experience in
selling service rather
than merchandise is es-
sential.Phone State 2178 after
9 a.m.
Ask for Mr. Hailthcock.

SALESMEN

PART OR FULL TIME,

WITH
OR
WITHOUT
EXPERIENCE
SELL
OUR TWO MILLION DOLLAR, NEWLY
DEVELOPED SUBURBAN IN NORTH
WATERSIDE.ALSO SO NEW, MODERN
2 AND 3 FLAT BUILDINGS
constructed on above property.

\$20 TO \$500 PER WEEK

can be your minimum.

One of our men, \$4,000
since January 1. You can do the same.

INSESSIVE SALESMANSHIP

once a week. Apply mornings between 8:30
and 11 a.m. to me.T. J. GRADY & CO.,
3181 N. Clark-st

SALESMEN.

REAL ESTATE.

We can use several additional sales-
men on our close in residential and
business areas. Blocks south of the Ford motor plant. Blocks south
of the Calumet district are the newest in the
Calumet district.

Business lots \$300 to \$1,250.

No competitive resistance on this
market. Good location both as re-
gards to price and location.The selling of this property offers
an excellent opportunity for quick and large earnings.High commission and full com-
mission.ROOM 908,
105 W. MONROE-ST.

SALESMEN.

REAL ESTATE SALEMEN.

FULL OR PART TIME.

To buy or build houses in various districts in
Chicago, faded, growing west suburb; over a
hundred trains daily, 12½ hrs. fare; no
taxes, no property tax, no water tax.No competitive resistance on this
market. Good location both as re-
gards to price and location.The selling of this property offers
an excellent opportunity for quick and large earnings.High commission and full com-
mission.T. J. GRADY & CO.,
3181 N. Clark-st

SALESMEN.

DISTRICT MANAGER.

On time applicants write for appoint-
ment.

SALESMEN—A SPECIAL TREAT.

Look over a bunch of weekly pay checks

from our men. No experience necessary.

Liberally compensated.

Today we are most successfully han-
dling all types of real estate.

If you are interested in this field, apply.

SALESMEN—FOR BIG NEW SUBURBAN

SUBDIVISION located at beautiful village

in high class residential area.

Good opportunities for purchase and sale.

The Press Syndicate.

THE PRESS SYNDICATE.

SALESMEN—LIVE ONE-UP.

SALESMEN are agents for a brand new Engi-

neering firm, one of the best known in the

country. We offer you the best oppor-

tunity if you have a record.

SALESMEN—RAD DEBT SOLICITORS.

New York City—no collection, no col-
lecting, just tell us how to do it.

SALESMEN—FOR THE WORLD

BONDED ADJUSTERS 116 W. Dearborn

SALESMEN.

We have openings for 10 salaried men
who have had experience in house to house

work. We offer the best opportunity in

any nature. Magazine, book, news-
paper, etc.

SALESMEN—FOR THE WORLD

BONDED ADJUSTERS 116 W. Dearborn

SALESMEN.

If you are interested in making a career
wherever you go, where your income will

be from \$100 to \$500 per month, apply

to our office, 116 W. Dearborn.

SALESMEN—WE WANT MEN WHO KNOW

the delicacies and grocery trade.

We can produce business.

Hygrade Foods Co., 605 W. Madison

SALESMEN—FOR COUNTRY CLUBS.

SALESMEN—30-40. PRIME TO THIRTY.

High class specialty.

No previous experience necessary.

SALESMEN—CUT OUT YOUNG MEN.

With magazine or newspaper work.

SALESMEN—BATTERY CO.

SALESMEN—REAL ESTATE.

SALESMEN—LIVE ONE-UP.

SALESMEN—WHO ARE WILLING

to sell coal for fuel.

SALESMEN—EXCELSIOR TO INTERVAL

INDUSTRIES AND INTERVAL

CABINET CO.

SALESMEN—CLEAN CUT YOUNG MEN.

With magazine or newspaper work.

SALESMEN—MAN EXPERT IN CRATING

AND PACKING.

SALESMEN—WITH OWN WILLING TO

FAMILY DRYING AND CLEANING.

SALESMEN—RELIABLE.

SALESMEN—THREE TO INTERVIEW.

SALESMEN—FOR COUNTRY CLUBS.

SALESMEN—FOR COUNTRY CLUBS.

SALESMEN—VACUUM CLEANERS.

SALESMEN—REAL ESTATE.

SALESMEN—LIVE ONE-UP.

SALESMEN—CLOTHING: LIBERAL

SALESMEN—STAR SERVICE.

SALESMEN—LIVE ONE-UP.

SALESMEN—WATCHMAN.

SALESMEN—ONE WHO CAN TALK

SALESMEN—SELL HIGH QUALI-

SALESMEN—WHO ARE WILLING

TO SELL COAL FOR FUEL.

SALESMEN—SELL COAL FOR FUEL.

REAL ESTATE-SUBURBAN-WEST.**SMALL BUNGALOWS FOR SALE.**

Will sell new 4 room bungalow, frame, hardwood floors, gas, electricity and water; small lot on 64x188 ft. lot, fronting one street; no taxes; \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

FOR SALE-HIGH CLASS 5 AND 6 ROOM HOUSE. Located in beautiful Marwood, only 14 miles from "L" transportation; close to stores and banks. Get away from hard work, monthly payment \$100, extra living room, kitchen, bathroom and breakfast nook; cost to move in \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per paved street; price \$10,750; \$1,500 cash down, \$100 monthly; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

F. C. PILGRIM & CO., Open evenings, 5:30 P.M. to 8:30 P.M.

\$250 CASH.

4 RM. BUNGALOW. Located in beautiful Marwood, only 14 miles from "L" transportation; close to stores and banks. Get away from hard work, monthly payment \$100, extra living room, kitchen, bathroom and breakfast nook; cost to move in \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per paved street; price \$10,750; \$1,500 cash down, \$100 monthly; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

PEA & SONS. 423 N. Parkside Ave.

4 Room Frame Bungalow.

\$500 Down, Balance \$375

Mo., Inc. Interest.

2 large bedrooms, living room and kitchen; complete bath; 2 porches; oak floors and trim; extra large garage; extra large back porch; trees ready to move in. For appointment address S. H. Pea, Tribune.

HOME FARM ACRES.

An embankment into the farm at Dowers Grove, only 40 minutes from home, deposit and taxes included; \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

5 ACRES ON PAVED ROAD. Will sell this large piece adjoining highway and close to road trans. on Aurora Rd. and 100th St. This is a great investment; now a wonderful location for an acre or two; \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

FOR SALE-ONE STORY BUNGALOW. For apartment or store in high grade built up neighborhood. 3 bds. to steam heat trans. on 100th St. 100 ft. from lake; paved pma. s. w. water, waste, walk, etc. \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage for less than cost of building. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

HAROLD B. BROWN BLDG. TELEPHONE CENTRAL 3148.

A SUMMER HOME SITE IN A NATURAL WOODED PARK.

OVERLOOKING BEAUTIFUL LAKE GENEVA, 100 ft. from lake; excellent fishing; boat house, dock, etc. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

FOR SALE-ONE STORY BUNGALOW. Spacious, comfortable, well located; contains many fine features; good location; extra large garage; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

WHAT MORE CAN YOU ASK? Attractive proposition for a real estate agent. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

SPORTSMEN. Telephone 7121, Tribune.

Riverside Brick Colonial.

6 beautiful rooms and sun room; Newportholder, h. w. heat; copper gutters; an artistic home; 2 car garage; 100 ft. from lake; 1 year old; choice environment; \$2,500 down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

PRICES SLASHED. 60x180 Ft. Lot, \$645.

80' DOWN. \$5 per MO.

Shade trees, winding s. w. drive; overlooking lake; high rising; \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

FOR SALE-ONE STORY BUNGALOW. 60x180 Ft. Lot, \$645.

80' DOWN. \$5 per MO.

Shade trees, winding s. w. drive; overlooking lake; high rising; \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY. One to five acres; for below prices asked for additional property; best investment and may monthly payment. Best of all, no taxes; no interest; no insurance; no high, black soil; just the place for a home or investment. Best offer. Free transportation and full information. Owner, Address L. E. Bruck, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

NEW BRICK 2 FLAT. 5-5 rooms, oak floors; buffer; hot water tank; central heat; electric range; water, light, water, gas, etc.; water, sewer, electric, gas, garage; 1st and 2nd floor; extra large, high, rolling land; suitable for chicken houses; You can have a home in Kankakee. Address S. H. Pea, Tribune.

The Carroll L. Bragg Org.

ONLY \$3,400.

Buy my 3 bedroom, 2 bath, 2 car; small cash payment; \$1,000 down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address S. H. Pea, Tribune.

FOR SALE-ONE HALF ACRE.

Only 3 blocks from station on best sub-urban; investment in and paid for; will sell for \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address S. H. Pea, Tribune.

GLEN ELLYN HOME SITE.

Will sell beautiful 7x125 ft. lot, front in highest and prettiest part of Glen Ellyn; 100 ft. from lake; 100 ft. from school; and an ideal suburban home or investment; \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address S. H. Pea, Tribune.

FOR SALE-A LA GRANGE.

Beautiful homes on easy terms; small navy, white, blue, etc.; all new; \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address S. H. Pea, Tribune.

FOR SALE-BRABROOK. 500' long, 16' wide, Phone 451.

SELL-RENT-LEASE. Phone 451.

Four rooms and sun parlor; facing Odeon; 100 ft. from station; 1st floor, 100 ft. to suit; can move in; \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

FOR SALE-MY NEWTON COLONIAL. 7500 down, 100 ft. lot; 100% occupied; 18' x 21' guest object; tile bath; built-in tub, piano, etc.; water, gas, electric, water, light, water, gas, electric, water, sewer, electric, gas, garage; 1st and 2nd floor; extra large garage; front door; \$1,000 down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

FOR SALE-1 HAVE 3 ACRES OF HIGH SUBURB. On full section; line streets; not far from the best suburban service out of Chicago; 100 ft. from road; good soil; good fence; trees; good; \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address J. M. Dorsey, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

FOR SALE-ELMHURST-NEW DUPLEX. 100 ft. by 50 ft. 2 car garage; 1st floor, 100 ft. to suit; can move in; \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

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FOR SALE-MY NICELY LOCATED 60x270 ft. lot, with water, gas, and electricity in place; 100 ft. from road; extra large garage; front door; \$1,000 down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

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FOR SALE-ELMHURST-NEW DUPLEX. 100 ft. by 50 ft. 2 car garage; 1st floor, 100 ft. to suit; can move in; \$1,000 cash down, \$75 per month; good location; extra large garage. Address T. C. Miller, 106 W. Michigan, Kankakee.

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FOR SALE-1 HAVE 3 ACRES OF HIGH SUBURB. On

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

South Side.

Rooms Complete, \$185

By \$15 Cash Inquired.

Terms to suit your convenience.

KESSEL BROS.,

4031-33 S. State-st.

Tues, Thurs, Sat. Eve.

YOU ARE CORDIALLY

Invited to our new building.

707 E. 97th-st. & Son.

Those dealers in high-class furniture will never realize what loss we have suffered.

Our salesmen to show you the best used furniture accessories.

NATURE BARGAIN.

May 9, 1924.

We have received

the houses and stores for

which can be sold for owners.

Low as \$132.

BOULEVARD CO.

82 N. State-st. Milwaukee.

EMPIRE

LARGE SELECTION

used and new furniture always.

Cottier Brothers.

Dresser, attention to out of town buyers.

M. S. OF LIGHT FURNITURE

barrel, dining room sets, round-

table, library, bookcases, etc.

imported wall tapestries, glass,

etc. 21 S. Lawrence-av. Sat. appt.

82 S. State-st. MILWAUKEE.

150 RUGS.

Many different qualities, brand new.

damaged by fire, real bargains.

K.L.M. FURNITURE CO.

Wells, near Chicago-ap. Ph. Sub. 1206.

SUPPLY OF ALL KINDS

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS.

OPP. FOR ELEGANT FURN.

OF THE NEW, silk mohair par-

ticle, silk, leather, wood, etc.

phone, mirror, low table, desk,

etc. 1000 S. State-st. Sat. appt.

BARGAIN IN BEAUTY FURN.

OF THE NEW, silk mohair par-

ticle, silk, leather, wood, etc.

beaut. lamps, mirrors, piano, console

etc. 821 S. Sheridan-av. Sat. appt.

GRADE FURN.-SELL AT ONCE.

Silk mohair par. etc. w. p. wa-

lamps, davenport, table, kitchen set, will

100% CASH.

NISSES OF VERY BEST QUALITY

can if sold at once; silk mohair par-

ticle, silk, leather, wood, etc.

lamps, davenport, table, kitchen set, will

100% CASH.

AND USED FURNITURE AND RUGS

MANUFACTURERS OF PLACES TO SELL.

RUGS.

SPINET DESK, GATELEG TABLE,

etc. 1000 S. State-st. Sat. appt.

NO COMPANY WILL SELL BECAUSE

WE ARE THE ONLY COMPANY

TO BUY.

GATLEG TABLE, SPINET

etc. 1000 S. State-st. Sat. appt.

OGANY GATELEG TABLE, SPINET

etc. 1000 S. State-st. Sat. appt.

HARA RUG. ANTIQUE, STRIPED, 3x3

etc. 1000 S. State-st. Sat. appt.

SALE-ALMOST NEW FURNISHINGS

4 rooms, good condition, reasonable

terms, cash or open account.

OAK LEATHER DAVENPORT, GOOD

condition, \$10. Call mornings.

RAVENSON.

150 RUGS-PERSIAN, ALEX. 12x9

etc. 1000 S. State-st. Sat. appt.

ADDITIONAL FURNITURE LIKE NEW,

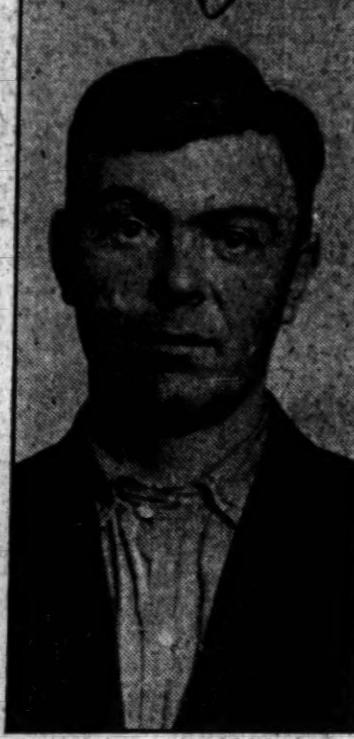
handsome baby bed, buggy, etc. 1000

S. State-st. SATURDAY.

LOGAN'S GRANDFATHER'S CLOCK

6, Wellington 1255.

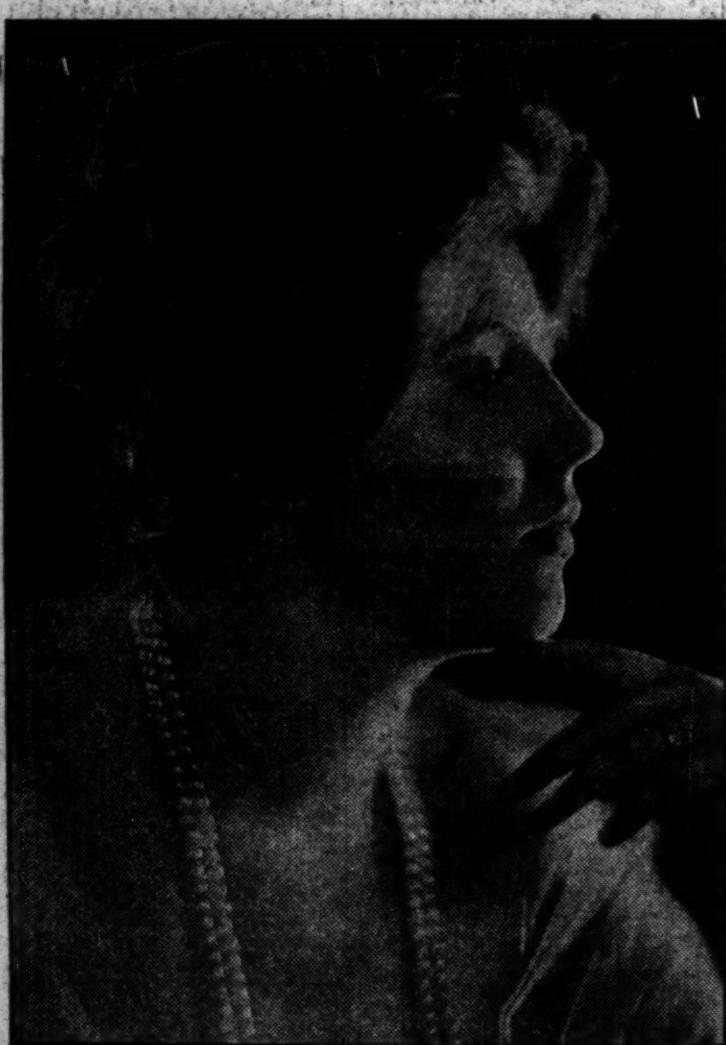
Police Search for Al Brown, Owner of Notorious Resort, for Murder of Joseph L. Howard, Gunman and Burglar



POLICE ARE HUNTING FOR HIM. Joe Howard, beer-runner, is shot to death in a saloon at 2300 South Wabash avenue, and police are seeking Al Brown, underworld lord. Brown is seen testifying at a recent inquest. (Story on page one.)



MAKING A STREET LIKE NEW. This machine, the rear of which contains a furnace which heats and smooths the asphalt, is used in the work of repairing Adams street from Racine to Western avenue. The repaired street will take traffic off Jackson boulevard.



COUNTESS TAKES POISON. Mrs. Eugenie Marie Nivan, Polish countess and widow of Maxim Nivan, a chemist, is found ill in her home at 1135 East 72d street. (Story on page five.)



ESCAPES. John Barry, convicted mail robber, slips out of court. (Story on page seven.)



HOME OF BEER BARON. Proof of the financial success which accrues to many of the leaders in the illicit booze trade is given in the costly homes of the booze barons at Joliet. This is the home of Richard Burrill, now serving a term in the house of correction.



EXPECTS STORK. Mrs. Beulah Annan, held for murder, is to become a mother. (Story on page six.)

[Pacific and Atlantic Photos.]

SAIL FOR EUROPE. Passengers on the S. S. Aquitania when it left New York were E. H. Sothern and his wife, Julia Marlowe, famous Shakespearian actors.



STARTING THE "L" TO NILES CENTER. Men with shovels, left to right, are: Mayor Harry Pearson of Evanston, Mayor Brown of Niles Center and Floyd Clinch of the elevated lines. They took part in ceremonies which marked beginning of construction of new line. (Story on page fourteen.)



MAP MAKERS. Children in the fifth grade of the Portage park school, Lockwood and Bertau avenue, are learning their geography in interesting fashion.

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VOLUME LXXXIII

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DEMOCRAT TAX RATES RE-VOTED 46-39 IN SENATE

Final Passage of Bill Due Today.

Washington, D. C., May 9.—(Special)—Democratic surtax and normal tax rates were again approved today by the senate as the tax bill was advanced almost to the point of final passage.

Republican leaders made a last unsuccessful effort to obtain a compromise after the bill went from the committee of the whole into the senate proper.

The senate rejected a substitute surtax schedule with a maximum of 42 per cent, and then approved the Simmons surtaxes with a maximum of 40 per cent in a direct issue between the Democratic rates and the Longworth rates of the house bill.

Farm Bill Delays Vote.
The bill would have been passed to night except for a controversy involving the attempt of Senator Norbeck [Rep., S. D.] to add the McNary-Haugen agricultural export corporation bill to the tax measure as a rider. Senator Norbeck asked action on the bill so early until tomorrow in order that he may ascertain whether or not house Republican leaders propose to permit the McNary-Haugen bill to come up for action.

The house rules committee is scheduled to take action tomorrow morning on a proposed special rule for the consideration of the agricultural measure. Senator Norbeck said that if action in the house is taken, which will mean that the house bill if passed will come to the senate within a short time, he will not press the McNary-Haugen bill as an amendment to the tax measure. Otherwise he will continue his fight to-morrow.

The senate entered into a unanimous consent agreement to take final action without further debate at 2 o'clock tomorrow.

Simmons Surtax Wins.
The Simmons surtax rates were approved by the senate even more decisively than at the time of the action of the committee of the whole. The vote in favor of the Simmons rates, as against the Longworth rates of the house bill was 46 to 39, while the previous vote was 43 to 46.

Seven Republicans and the two Farmer-Labor members voted with the Democrats in support of the Simmons surtaxes. The Republicans voting for them were Senators Brookhart [Rep., Iowa], Frazier [Rep., N. D.], and Ladd [Rep., N. D.], Howell [Rep., Neb.], Norris [Rep., Neb.], Norbeck [Rep., S. D.], and Johnson [Rep., Cal.]. Senators Johnson [Minn., Farmer-Labor] and Shipstead [Minn., Farmer-Labor] joined them. Three Democrats—Senators Bayard [Dem., Del.], Bruce [Dem., Md.], and Glass [Dem., Va.]—voted with conservative Republicans against the Simmons rates.

32% Maximum Falls.
An amendment by Senator Smoot [Rep., Utah], chairman of the finance committee, proposing a compromise surtax schedule with a maximum of 32 per cent on that portion of income above \$200,000 was rejected by a vote of 38 to 47. The same Republicans and Farmer-Labor members supporting the Simmons rates voted against the amendment. Senators Bayard and Bruce were the only Democrats voting for the amendment.

Senator Smoot did not consider worth while to ask for a roll call on the Simmons normal tax rates, which were approved by a riva voce vote.

One provision recommended by Secretary of the Treasury Mellon eliminated by the senate finance committee was restored by a vote of 45 to 40. This was designed to reach partial tax exempt security situation and provide that deductions from net income for interest on indebtedness to persons other than incurred in carrying on a business may be permitted up to the amount in excess of income from exempt securities.

Adds \$35,000,000 Revenue.
Restoration of this provision meant gain in revenue, the treasury having estimated that the original section would bring in \$25,000,000 in net revenue.

In spite of this action showing a purpose to limit somewhat holdings of tax exempt securities, the senate voted by an overwhelming vote the amendment of Senator Reed [Rep., Ill.] providing that income from state and municipal securities issued by states shall be subject to taxation. The vote was 14 to 59.

The senate adopted an amendment by Senator Walsh [Dem., Mass.] regarding the tax on automobile parts and accessories. The vote was 43 to 57.